

WECHSELWIRKUNG

a montage of score modules for music theatre

Pia Palme

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Timeline

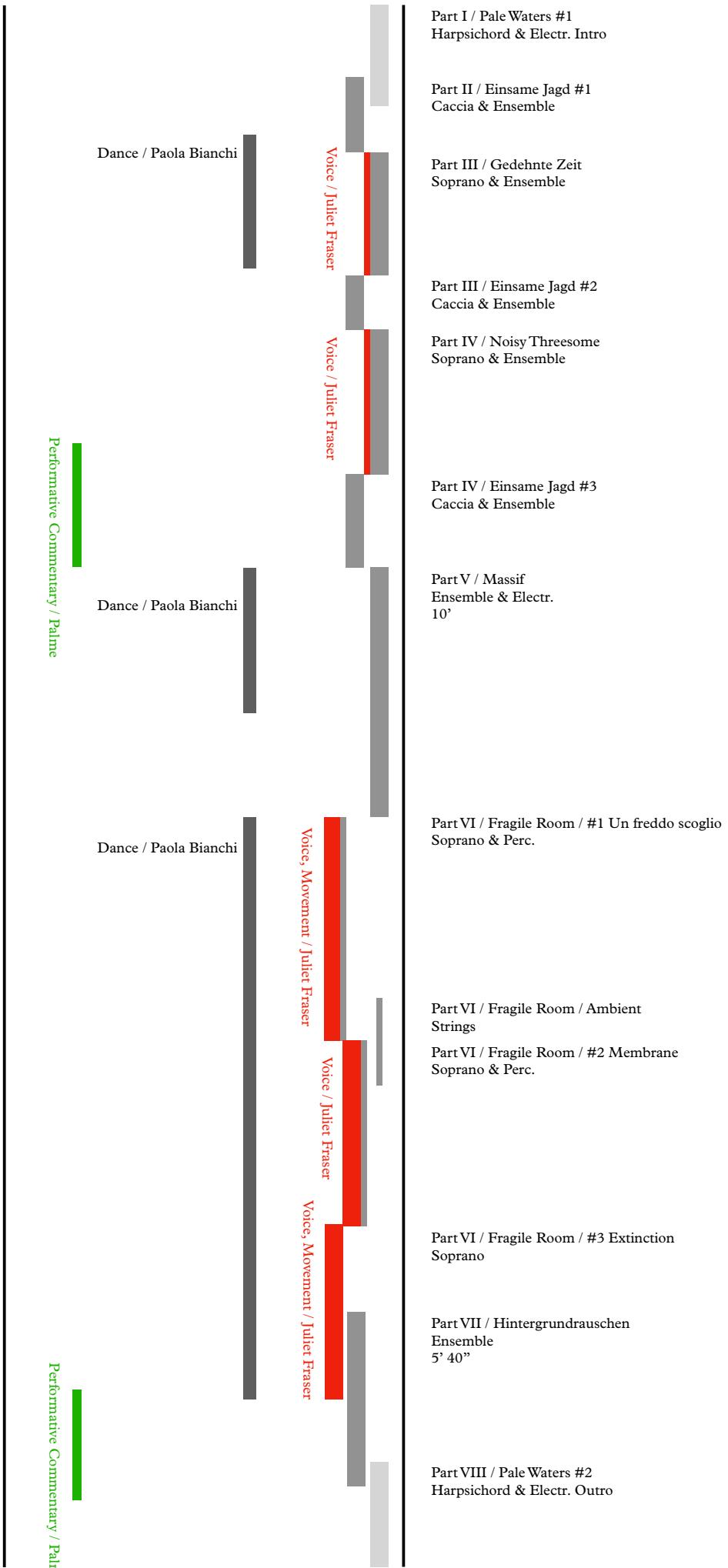
Score Parts I-IV for soprano and ensemble

Score Parts V and VII for ensemble

Score Parts I and VIII for harpsichord solo

Score Part VI for soprano solo and percussion

Commentary



Parts I-IV for soprano and ensemble

soprano,
flute (alto flute, bass flute),
clarinet (bass clarinet, contrabass clarinet),
oboe da caccia (Baroque tuning a=415 hz),
violin, viola, violoncello, double bass,
harpsichord,
percussion

Part I / Pale Waters #1
(Harpsichord & Electronics)

A

Soprano

Bass Flute

Bass Clarinet in B_b

Oboe da Caccia

Hand Movements

Violin

Viola

Violoncello

Double Bass

Harpsichord

Percussion

Part II / Einsame Jagd #1
(Caccia & Ensemble)

5/4 B $\text{♩} = 60$

4/4

playfully, announcing her arrival

B2

quick flattening with two fingers, lowering pitch app. ↴

1

Harpsichord continues independently during the repeat

B $\text{♩} = 60$

Soprano

Bass Flute

Bass Clarinet in B_b

Oboe da Caccia

Violin

Viola

Violoncello

Double Bass

Harpsichord

Percussion

3
4

4

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C. ord. 3 *mp* *p* B1 3 ↗ ↗ ↗ ↗ ↗ ↗ B2 3 ↗ ↗ ↗ ↗ ↗ ↗

Vln. L ord. *pppp* *ppp* slow trem. irr.

Vla. L ord. *pppp* *ppp* slow trem. irr.

Vlc. L ord. *pppp*

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

4

2.

3
4

17

S. 8

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C. B1 B1

Vln. → SP fast trem. irr. 17 → SP fast trem. irr.

Vla. → SP fast trem. irr. → SP fast trem. irr.

Vlc. slow trem. irr. → SP fast trem. irr. → SP fast trem. irr.

D. B. LC SP flautando pp pp

Hpsd.

Perc. 1. 2.

18 $\frac{3}{4}$ 4 $\frac{4}{4}$ 3 $\frac{4}{4}$ 4 $\frac{4}{4}$

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln. slow → ST

Vla. slow → ST

Vlc. slow → ST

D. B. accelerate 7:5 → MSP

Hpsd.

Perc.

Crini extreme flautando sweeping

B2 b_o mp k.s. p

ord. flautando

23 $\frac{4}{4}$

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

23

$\frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{5}{4}$

B1 ord. 3 3 3 5

flattement as before

bend pitch

harm. harm. colour change
finger position moves slightly & harmonics change

tacet until Part IV / D

32 4 3 4

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

32

LC ST
ord.

LC ST
ord.

LC ST
ord.

sweeping

MSP
harm.
tr

colour change

flautando

harm.

flautando

p

acc. sweeps

extend sweep

mp

mf

ppp

mp

mp

ppp

ppp

mp

mf

tr

mp

p

7:4

37

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C. *p* *ppp* *k.s.*

Vln. L ST trem. irr. fast *ppp* slow down trem. no trem. *sim.* LC batt. *ppp* L ord. pitch bend

Vla. *p* *ppp*

Vlc. *ppp* *p*

D. B. LC batt. *3* ricochet gliss. up *sim.* *p*

Hpsd.

Perc.

Part III / Gedehnte Zeit & Einsame Jagd #2
(Soprano & Ensemble)

42

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

44

C

p

sung drifting

[i] — [y] —

Alto Flute

1

ppp

C

3

S.

airly [i] *ppp* [hə] [e] [æ - æ] - [ɛ] [æ]

A. Fl.

p [tə] sput. rough & dirty airy flt. airy *ppp*

B. Cl.

bend pitch *pppp* *ppp*

O.C.

Vln.

Vla. Crini SP flautando *ppp*

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

8

S. *mp* *sung*
[i] [y] [i] [i]

A. Fl. *pp*
no flt. *sput.*
[tə] 5 [tə]
[s] *(fingering)*
[ʃ] *airy*

B. Cl. *airy*
sempre legato
pitches can be suggestions,
follow rhythm, contracting & expanding

O.C.

Vln.

Vla. flat & continuous

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

p half voiced, distorted, rasping sneer
lips stretched horizontally, frequency & pitch shifts

12

S. (Measure 12)

p half voiced, distorted, rasping sneer
lips stretched horizontally, frequency & pitch shifts
[ɛ]

A. Fl. (Measure 12)

(speak precisely & accentuate consonants)

B. Cl. (Measure 12)

schil - lert flirrt ver - lockt ver - führt

O.C. (Measure 12)

ord. instr. sound

Vln. (Measure 12)

MSP

Vla. (Measure 12)

p

Vlc. (Measure 12)

D. B. (Measure 12)

Hpsd. (Measure 12)

Perc. (Measure 12)

14

v.

A. Fl. flt.

B. Cl. *ppp*

O.C.

Vln.

Vla. *ppp*

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

mp —
voiced sighs
low pitch [œ]
drop pitch at end about a small third

sput.

mp [tœ] 5 [tœ]

pppp

16 sim.
[œ] [œ] [œ]

mp sung
warm
[ja][i]

A. Fl. sim.
[œ] [œ] [œ]

B. Cl. flt. z M1 multiphonic
containing given note p

O.C.

Vln.

Vla. ST p

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

19 **p** bloom vib.

v. [y] ord. [y] [i]

ppp sing into instr. (app. pitch) ord.

A. Fl. [ɔ] [a] voice emerges from intr. sing 'over' emb. hole

B. Cl. M2 multiph. M1 [s - a] [s - a] [s - a] [ts] tongue slap sim.

O.C. **pp**

Vln. Vla. Vlc. D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

22

v. *mp* • *p* bloom vib. ord. *ppp*

A. Fl. *ppp* ord. [s] *p* lips completely cover emb. hole low & distorted fingering only [hœ] ord. airy *sfz* pitch bend

B. Cl. 3 *mp* 3 *mf*

O.C.

Vln. 22

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

25 **p** • sung **mp** rhythmic vib.
 v. 3 3 ord.
 [æ] [i] [aɪ] [aʊ] [i] [ɪ] [ə]

 A. Fl. ord.
 [i] [æ] [i] [aɪ] [aʊ] [i] [ɪ] [ə]
mf **p**
 bisbigl. slow airy trem. irr., begin slow & accel.
 pitch bend no tr.
 B. Cl. **ppp** **p** **ppp** **p**
ppp **p** **ppp** **p**

 O.C. - - - -

 Vln. 25 - - -

 Vla. - - - -
 Crini SP flautando
ppp

 Vlc. - - - -

 D. B. - - - -

 Hpsd. - - - -

 Perc. - - - -

29

v. *spoken* • *drop pitch* ° *distort*
ist do - [o] half voiced [ç]

A. Fl. *no trem.* *p* *fingering* *Ziegen Schädel*
Gstätten Krüppel

B. Cl. *no tr.* *pp* *pp* *sempre legato, as before, breathe ad lib.*
pitches are suggestions, follow rhythm, contracting & expanding

O.C.

Vln.

Vla. *flat & continuous*

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

mp

31 (o) (o)

v. gradually shifting colour & formants

A. Fl. continue text as before
Ziegen Schädel Gstätten Krüppel Pfingstrosen Regenduft Banden Steinbruch Dunkelwelt

B. Cl. *pppp pp*

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

This musical score page contains six systems of music. The first system (measures 31) features vocal parts (v., A. Fl., B. Cl., O.C.), a percussive part (Perc.), and a vocal line with lyrics: "Ziegen Schädel Gstätten Krüppel Pfingstrosen Regenduft Banden Steinbruch Dunkelwelt". The second system (measures 31) features Vln., Vla., Vlc., D. B., and Hpsd. The third system (measures 31) features Hpsd. and Perc. Various dynamics (mp, gradually shifting colour & formants, continue text as before, pppp, pp, etc.) and articulations are indicated throughout the score.

33 (o) (o) (o) *mf* whispered
 v. accentuate consonants schill-lert flirrt ver-lockt ver-führt

A. Fl. ord. flt. M 26
 B. Cl. pppp mp mp pppp

O.C.

Vln. MSP
 Vla. p p

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

36

S. *p* sung
die

A. Fl. airy
z

B. Cl. *p*
ppp

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

bloom vib.
Zeit

percussive
airy [tu] 3 sim.
ppp

volatile
small sounds
punctuating
the long notes

p

39 bloom vib. ord. *ppp* *mp*

S. Zeit

A. Fl. 3 M 118 sharp *ord.* consonant [ta] *sim.* *mp* *ppp* *fake gliss.*

B. Cl. *tr*

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

43

S. *p* acc. vib. *mf* ord. *p* Zeit *mf* acc. vib.

A. Fl. slow bisbigl. *p* airy very fast, percussive double tongue audible consonants *mp* *f* airsound only lips away from emb. hole

B. Cl. (tr) no tr. *ppp*

O.C.

43

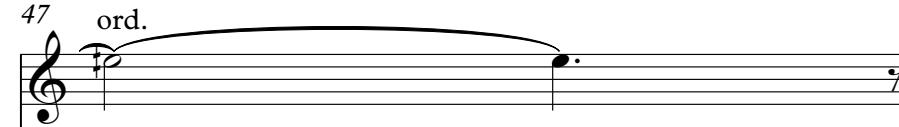
Vln. Vla. Vlc. D. B.

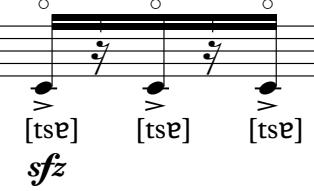
Hpsd.

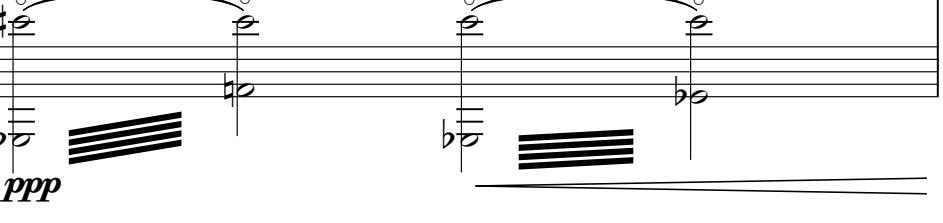
Perc.

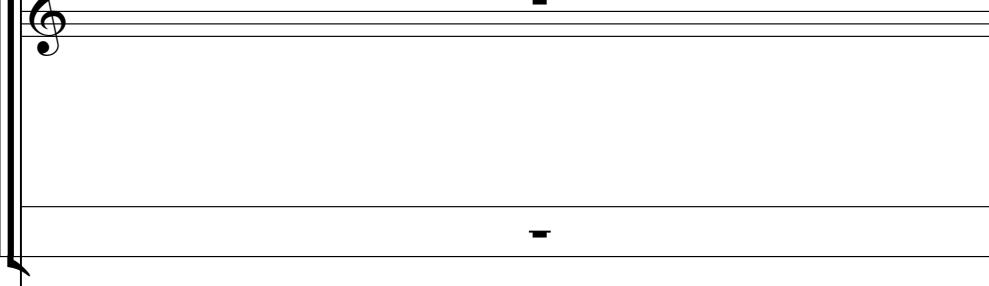
Detailed description: This is a musical score page for orchestra and woodwind quintet. The top section (measures 43) features the soprano, alto flute, bassoon, oboe/clarinet, and oboe/clarinet. The soprano has dynamics p, mf, p, and mf with articulations acc. vib., ord., Zeit, and acc. vib. The alto flute has dynamics p, mp, f, and ppp with articulations slow bisbigl., airy, very fast, percussive double tongue, audible consonants, no tr., and airsound only. The bassoon has dynamics p, f, and ppp with articulations acc. vib., ord., Zeit, and airsound only. The oboe/clarinet has dynamics p, mp, f, and ppp with articulations acc. vib., ord., Zeit, and airsound only. The bottom section (measures 43) features the violin, viola, cello/bass, double bass, and double bassoon. All instruments in this section play sustained notes across the measures. The percussion part at the bottom also consists of sustained notes.

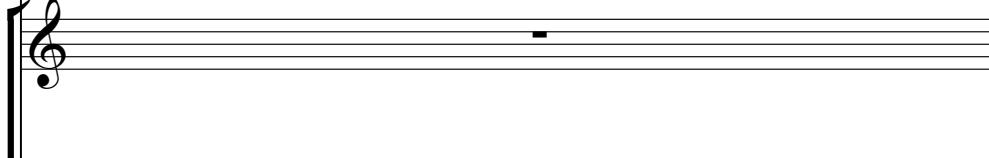
47 *ord.* *f*

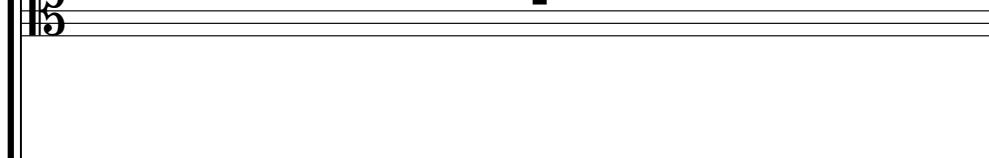
S. 

A. Fl. 

B. Cl. 

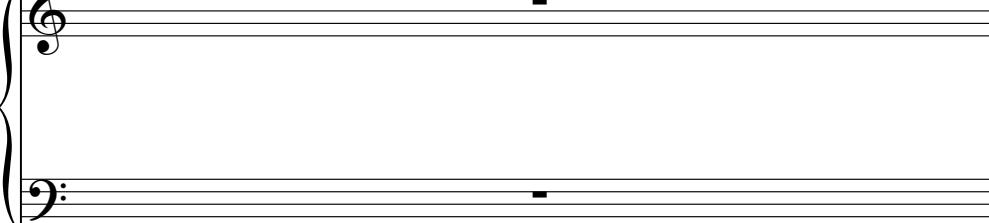
O.C. 

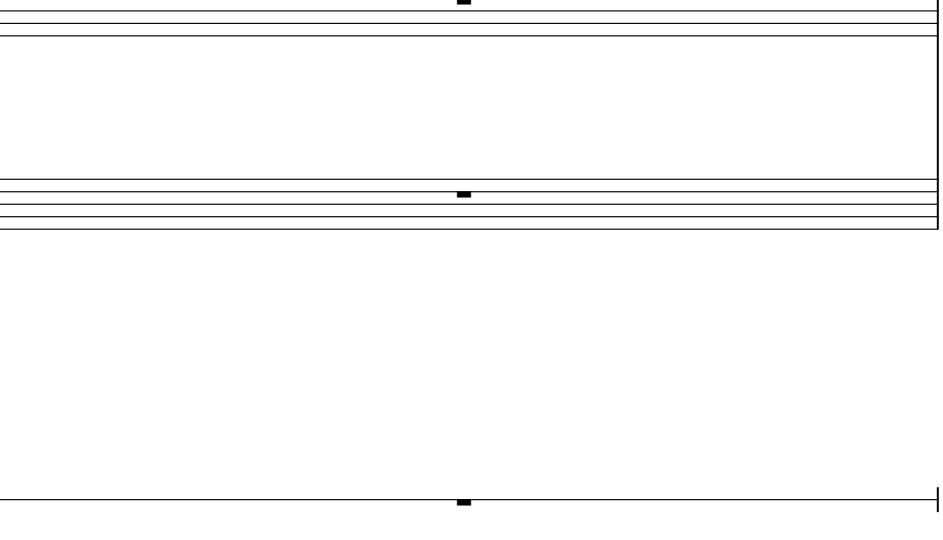
Vln. 

Vla. 

Vlc. 

D. B. 

Hpsd. 

Perc. 

p dreamy, drifting along

un - ste-te Weg - be-gle-i-ter-in

single air sounds, very sharp 'over' the edge of emb. hole

instr. sound aeolian sounds, undefined pitch, like a windharp

slightly vary dynamics

pppp - ppp

49 *mp*

25 *pppp*
 airy, almost whispering

S. — die ein-mal schwarz — er - scheint dann wie-der leuch-tend hell — ein —

A. Fl.

B. Cl. *p* *pppp*

O.C. k.s.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc. *sul G*
ord.
**) M [3+8+13+5]*
**) Multiphoncs are suggestions*

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc. CC

S. *pppp* — *p* —
52 *intense* 5
Schat-ten mei-nes Selbst

A. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C. pitch bend stable & flat portato, walking 5
p < *mp* *ppp*

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc. transform to → continue cresc. & decresc. ad lib.
p *ppp*

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

57

S.

A. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

multiphonic layers

mp

ppp

mf

M [3+8+11]

62

S.

A. Fl.

B. Cl. 8

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc. M [3+8+13+5]

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

Perform multiphonics as shifting layers:
play long multiphonics, steady or slowly changing, ad lib. begin a new sound with quick separate attacks (single or repeated). Choose dynamics best suited for the selected multiphonic. Pause ad lib. at any time. Use vibrato for highlighting.

D 4 = 69
4 joyfully rough & dirty
1 mp = chest voice

[heɛ]

sput. rough & dirty
airy

mp [tə]

trem.
(or distinct vib.)

1 molto flautando dark
no trem.

ord.
scratches rough & dirty
mp

Percussion

D ♩ = 69

3 round & alive indef. pitch exclamation wild rough & dirty

S. = sung with ord. voice [o] [ja] [he][ε]

A. Fl. round & alive M 11 5 sput. 5 rough & dirty round & alive

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln. as before

Vla. round & alive C batt. 5 ord. rough & dirty round & alive

Vlc. @Vlc. Perform various multiphonics, each one held at least 13" or much longer. Vary modes of bowing from MST to MSP ad lib. and from ord. to molto flautando/sweeping. Change from one multiphonic to the next as smoothly as possible; this can include a pause. Cresc. & decresc. ad lib. continue sul G & later include multiphonics sul C

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc. Metal Plate G.C. Scratch Rustle Gong in E flat Gran Cassa Beat gentle rustle

Ossia: Gong in D pp

7 *p* 5 *mp* *h & dirty* *mf* *p* 5 5 *mp* *round & alive*

S. [ja] [he] [ε] [ja] [he] [o]

A. Fl. M 11 *sput.* 5 *rough & dirty* *p* *mp* [tə] >

B. Cl. -

O.C. *p*

Vln. flautando *mp* *p* *ord.* C batt. 5 *round & alive*

Vla. *rough & dirty* *ord.* C batt. 5 *round & alive* *p* *mp*

Vlc. -

D. B. sul C multiphonics *) M [5+12+7] *ppp*

Hpsd. -

Perc. sim. *z* *ppp*

*) Multiphonics are suggestions

11 fast hand vib.
S. *rough & dirty* ord. $\overbrace{p \mp}$ round & alive *mf* *rough & dirty*
fast hand vib. ord. $\overbrace{\mp \mp}$ *rough & dirty*

A. Fl. fast vib. ord. *round & alive* *fast vib.* ord. *sput.*
rough & dirty $\overbrace{p \mp}$ [tə]

B. Cl. *tacet until Part IV / DD*

O.C.

Vln. 11 *rough & dirty* *flaut.* *rough & dirty* *molto flautando*
Vla. *fast vib.* *ord.* *strum.* *round & alive* *fast vib.* *no vib.*
Vlc. *transform to* M [3+8+13+5]
D. B. *p* *mp* *p*

Hpsd.

Perc. G.C. beat with fist scratch with all 5 fingernails & let ring hand formed like a tiger's claw sim. $\overbrace{pp \ ppp \ pp \ ppp}$

16

S. *mf*
round & alive

A. Fl. *round & alive*

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln. *trem.* *no trem.*

Vla. *strum* *ord.* *rough & dirty*

Vlc.

D. B. @D. B. Perform various multiphonics, each held at least 13" or much longer. Vary modes of bowing from MST to MSP ad lib. and from ord. to molto flautando/sweeping. Change from one multiphonic to the next as smoothly as possible; this can include a pause. Independent from Vcl., cresc. & decresc. ad lib.

Hpsd.

Perc. *ppp* *pp* *sim.* *pp ppp*

p *mp* *rough & dirty*
[ja] [ha]{ε} *sput.* *rough & dirty*
[tə] *mp*

molto flautando
trem. *no trem.*

C batt. *ord.* *rough &*

continue
always sul C

20 *mf* round & alive *p* 5 *mp* rough & dirty *mf* keep dynamics constant *mf* 5 *mp* round & alive

S. [o] [ja] [hə][ɛ] [ja] [hə][o]

A. Fl. round & alive 5 sput. rough & dirty MII [tə] 5 round & alive *mf* *p* *mp* *mf* *mf* *mp* keep dynamics constant

B. Cl.

O.C.

20 trem. no trem. molto flautando trem. no trem. *mf* round & alive LC 5 batt. 5 ord. rough & dirty round & alive *mf*

Vln. *mp* *mp* *mp* *p* *mp*

Vla. *mf*

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc. *pp* distinct quicker rustle *mp* *ppp*

fast hand vib.
(gently move hand on
one corner of mouth
over half of the opening)

25 *mf* ord. *mf* *mp* *5* round & alive *mf* fast hand vib. ord.

[ɔ] [ja] [he][ɛ] [o]

A. Fl. fast vib. n. v. round & alive fast vib. ord.

B. Cl. -

O.C. -

25 Vln. ord. full sound molto flautando ord. full sound
mf *mf*

Vla. LC *5* ord. batt. round & alive fast vib. strum *5* ord. no vib. *mf* *mp*

Vlc. -

D. B. -

Hpsd. -

Perc. *pp* *3* *mp* Metal Plate *pp* *3* *mp* *pp*

29 *mf* *mp* *5* calm & nach Innen nasal *5* dirty & threatening

S. [ja] [ha][o] *to* [u] [u] *to* [y] [ɛ][ah]

A. Fl. no vib. *calm & nach Innen* *mp* flt. & airy M11
breathy *5*

B. Cl.

O.C.

29 ST flaut. *8va* *p* ST flaut. *p*

Vln. fast vib. no vib. strum *5* ST flautando LC MSP
fast trem. irr. ST flautando

Vla. *mf*

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd. Excite long low & scratchy
noises on the lowest string via an
external string fixed to it. Blend
with Vcl. and D.B. Vary, repeat
over & over, with few silent rests
in between.

Perc. *pp* *3* *5* *ppp*

34 **p** unvoiced breathy **p** sung warm *mp* **ppp** with determination **p** even fast vib.

S. [ja] [y] [i]

A. Fl. dark & gentle **p** *mp* **ppp** **p** fast vib.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln. 8va **p** SP flautando **ppp**

Vla. *mp* **ppp** LC MSP fast vib. soft scratch **ppp**

Vlc. Vlc. & D. B. tacent

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc. gentle rustle **ppp** change to beaters **ppp** *mp*

unvoiced
breathy sung
[ja] [y]

mp *ppp*

with determination

breathy rough & angry M11 ord.
A. Fl. 5 coloured • dark & intense dark & gentle
mp

B. Cl.

O.C.

39

Vln. SP flaut.
p

Vla. Crini
SP flautando sim. fast vib.
p *mp* *ppp* *p*

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

perform glissandi of different lengths & texture
using glass and wood, sometimes using 2 hands
with short breaks in between

p

Perc. G.C. with beater Metal Plate & Gong with beaters
Gong

fadeout low noises

p

slow down to $\text{♩} = 52$

S. 44 even fast vib. *mp* dirty & threatening [hɛ] **p** unvoiced breathy [ja] **ppp** sung gentle

A. Fl. fast vib. *M11* coloured gust of air **p** **ppp** breathy airy **p** **ppp** breathy airy

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln. 44 ST flautando **ppp** **p** **MSP** trem. irr. **pppp** **pp** ST flautando *mp*

Vla. soft **ppp** scratch *sim.* **p**

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc. **ppp** continue with beaters trem. **Scratch** **ppp** **ppp** **ppp** **ppp** **Gong in E flat G.C.** **ppp**

slow down to $\text{♩} = 52$

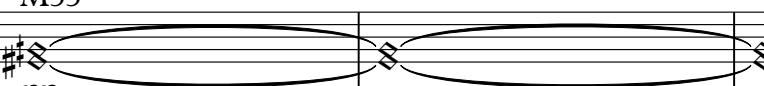
Part IV / Einsame Jagd #3

39

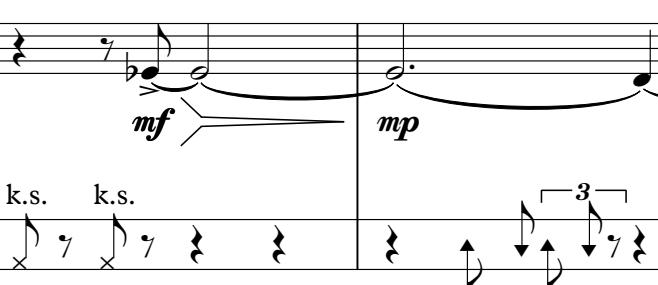
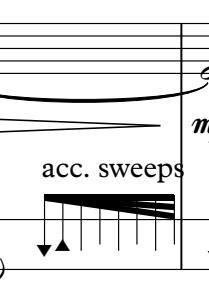
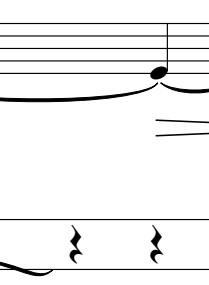
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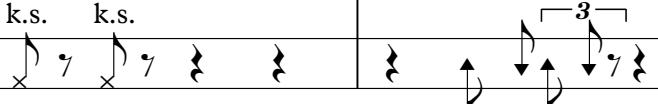
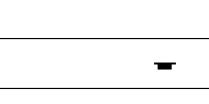
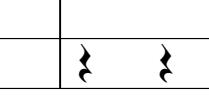
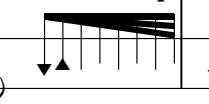
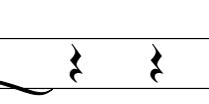
54

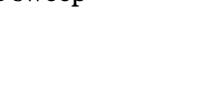
S. [u]

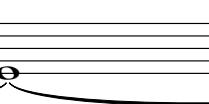
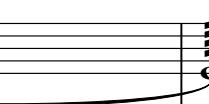
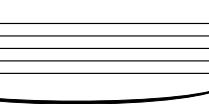
A. Fl. M33 

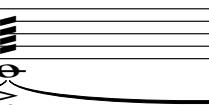
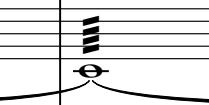
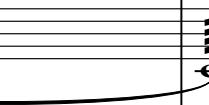
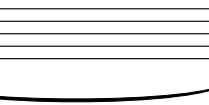
B. Cl.

O.C. B2      

B2      

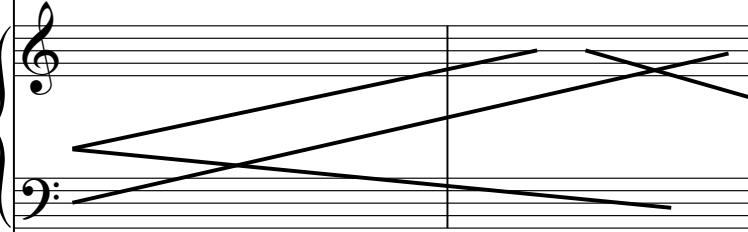
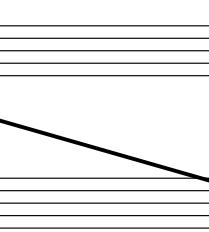
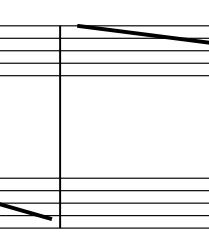
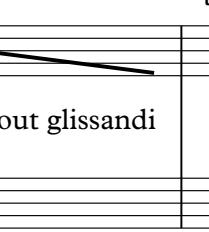
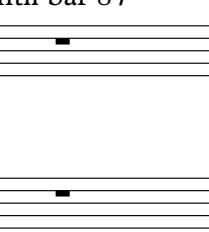
B1      

Vln. trem. irr.      

Vla. trem. irr.      

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.      

tacet until bar 84

fade out glissandi

trem.

59

S.

A. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc. tacet until bar 84

59

41

S.

A. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc. tacet until bar 84

64

S.

A. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

airly
sempr legato
pitches are suggestions,
follow rhythm, contracting & expanding
Oboe da Caccia plays her own tempo & pauses
independently from Bass Clarinet & Viola
as before
very slow
flattement

Crini ST
molto flautando

Crini ST
molto flautando

67

S.

A. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

as before

pitch bend

p

ppp

γ

\uparrow

69

S.

A. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

to Bass Flute

flt. ord. *tr*

p

69

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

SP

ppp

SP

ppp

p

p

Hpsd.

Perc.

72 ♩ = 60

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl. (tr) airy no trill ppp airy

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc. ♩ = 60

77

S. -

B. Fl. airy o → airsound o - clearly audible whisper
'over' mouthpiece
almost no instr. sound 6

B. Cl. airy o Las-scia-te-mi qui so - la
bend pitch

O.C. ppp

Vln. -

Vla. -

Vlc. -

D. B. -

Hpsd. -

Perc. -

81

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

inhale
away from instr.
flt.
[hurr...]
ord.
[ho]

batt. ord.
batt. ord.
batt. batt. ord.
batt. ord.

manual 1

manual 2

Gran Cassa
Wood Object

On the drumskin, move quickly & toss
the Wood Object around horizontally
to create an irr. rumbling soundscape,
occasionally banging against the rim.

mf

85

S.

B. Fl.

whisper into instr.
noise only
fingering as written

mp [sss...]

whisper over instr.
airsound only

[sss...]

O.C.

airy \circ x . inhaled away from instr. ord. p [et] [h] [t] [ho] p ppp

85

Vln.

batt. ord. & dirty

f mf

Vla.

batt. ord. & dirty

f mf

Vlc.

ord. & batt. dirty

f mf

D. B.

batt. ord. & dirty

f mf

Hpsd.

slow arp.

fast arp.

f

Perc.

stop and damp

89

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

whisper 'over' emb. hole
mp very airy sound

Leave me a-lone,
a - lone

fast trem irr.

ord.

loud outbreak

[ha]

ord.

legno salt.
gliss. up & rit.
damp string

pp

legno salt.
gliss. up & rit.
damp string

pp

legno salt.
gliss. up & rit.
damp string

pp

quick & dense irr. noises
with strings fully damped

p

circle with both hands
on drumskin
irregular circles, bigger/slow & smaller/fast

mp

93

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

very fast trem. irr.

ord. & dirty

batt.

ppp — mf

f

ff

5

batt. batt. ord. & dirty

pp mf

f

ff

batt. batt. ord. & dirty

p mf

f

ff

batt. ord. & dirty

mf

f

ff

5

manual 1

manual 2

ped.

mf

f

Wood Object, as before

mf

98

S. - - - -

B. Fl. *p* whispered
'over' emb. hole
almost no instr. sound [sss] smoke spoken 'over' emb. hole
on my skin *mf* 5 *mp* spoken in a low voice
completely into mouthpiece/instrument

B. Cl. - - - - *p* *tr* *tr*

O.C. - - - -

98

Vln. - - - - legno salt.
gliss. up & rit.
damp string *pp*

Vla. - - - - legno salt.
gliss. up & rit.
damp string *pp*

Vlc. - - - - legno salt.
gliss. up & rit.
damp string *pp*

D. B. - - - -

Hpsd. - - - - *p* quick & dense irr. noises
with strings fully damped

Perc. stop and damp *mp* circling hands, as before

101

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

smo - [kə]
(tr) no tr.

bisbigl. begin slow
tr

101

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

ord. & dirty
batt. batt. batt.
ppp mf f ff

ord. & dirty
batt. batt. batt.
pp mf f ff

ord. & dirty
batt. batt. batt.
p mf f ff

ord. & dirty
batt. batt. batt.
mf f ff

continue noises one more bar
Hpsd.

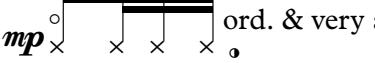
very fast repeats
alternate right & left hand
ff

Perc.

Wood Object, as before
mf f

104

S. whispered
 into emb. hole
 from a distance

B. Fl. *mp*  ord. & very airy

B. Cl. *tr* (tr) vary tempo of trill, faster - slower

O.C. *pp* bend pitch

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd. *p* quick & dense irr. noises
 with strings fully damped

Perc. continue with less & less irregular actions

mf



**perform 5 times
senza misura 20 seconds = 5 bars**

107

S.

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

O.C.

Vln.

Vla.

Vlc.

D. B.

Hpsd.

Perc.

p as before

**perform 5 times
senza misura 20 seconds = 5 bars**
singular irr. actions
after a while, throw chestnuts onto drumsking & create short rumbling sounds

continue into Part V

Parts V and VII for ensemble

flute (alto flute, bass flute),
clarinet (bass clarinet, contrabass clarinet),
oboe da caccia (Baroque tuning a=415 hz),
violin, viola, violoncello, double bass,
harpsichord,
percussion

Part V / Massif

duration 10 minutes (soprano tacet, plus Zuspiel & harpsichord processed electronically)

00' 00"
♩ = 60 = 1 sec.

4
4

Bass Flute

f
with a warm, rich & full sound throughout

Bass Clarinet
in B♭

f
with a warm, rich & full sound throughout

Violin

f
with a warm, rich & full sound throughout

Viola

f
with a warm, rich & full sound throughout

Violoncello

f
with a warm, rich & full sound throughout

Double Bass

f
with a warm, rich & full sound throughout

dense rumble with wood & chestnuts on drumskin,
irregular movements,
timbral changes & shifts in density

Percussion

mf to f

harps. tacet until minute 1 / bar 17

Harpsichord

6
 B. Fl.
 7
 2 30"
 $\frac{4}{4}$
 4 4
 8

B. Cl.
 Vln.
 Vla.
 Vcl.
 D.B.
 Perc.
 Hpsd.

12

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

Hpsd.

This musical score page contains six staves of music for a seven-piece ensemble. The instruments are Bassoon (B. Fl.), Bassoon (B. Cl.), Violin (Vln.), Viola (Vla.), Cello (Vcl.), Double Bass (D.B.), and Percussion (Perc.). The harpsichord (Hpsd.) part is shown with two staves, indicated by a brace. The score is divided into measures 12 through 24. Measures 12 and 13 feature entries from the bassoons and violins with grace notes and slurs. Measures 14 through 23 consist of sustained notes with grace notes. Measure 24 concludes with sustained notes. The bassoon parts (B. Fl. and B. Cl.) play primarily in the upper register, while the strings (Vln., Vla., Vcl., D.B.) provide harmonic support with sustained notes. The percussive element (Perc.) provides rhythmic drive with sustained notes. The harpsichord (Hpsd.) provides harmonic support with sustained notes.

1 min.

4

17

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

Hpsd.

very slow gliss. down, long and extened, pause ad lib.
with superball on wood next to lowest strings

mf

5

22

24

1' 30"

4
4

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

Hpsd.

28

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

Hpsd.

2 min.

$\frac{2}{4}$

$\frac{32}{4}$

$\frac{4}{4}$

gliss.

gliss.

switch to gliss. on strings

34

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

Hpsd.

The musical score page contains six systems of music. The first system (measures 1-4) includes parts for Bassoon Flute (B. Fl.) and Bassoon Clarinet (B. Cl.). The second system (measures 5-8) includes parts for Violin (Vln.), Viola (Vla.), and Cello (Vcl.). The third system (measures 9-12) includes parts for Double Bass (D.B.) and Percussion (Perc.). The fourth system (measures 13-16) includes parts for Bassoon Flute (B. Fl.) and Bassoon Clarinet (B. Cl.). The fifth system (measures 17-20) includes parts for Violin (Vln.), Viola (Vla.), and Cello (Vcl.). The sixth system (measures 21-24) includes parts for Double Bass (D.B.) and Percussion (Perc.). The score uses a variety of markings including grace notes, slurs, and dynamic changes. Measures 13-16 feature 'X' marks over notes. Measures 17-20 feature 'gliss.' markings. Measures 21-24 feature 'X' marks over notes. Measure 24 concludes with a final 'gliss.' marking.

2' 30"

B. Fl. 39 2 4 40 4

B. Cl.

Vln. 8 8 8 8

Vla. X gliss. X gliss. gliss.

Vcl. gliss. X gliss. gliss.

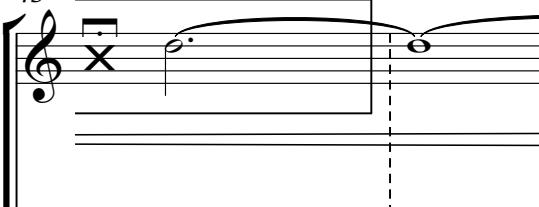
D.B. X gliss. X

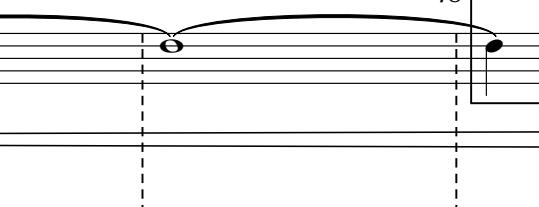
Perc. Gran Cassa, slightly damped, dry sound
stop & noisily empty drumskin
2 beaters fast trem. irr. begin soft & cresc. to build a deep undercurrent, 'under' the strings
prepare for:  *ppp*

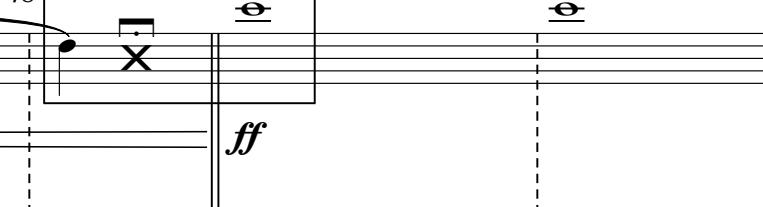
Hpsd.

3 min.

 $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

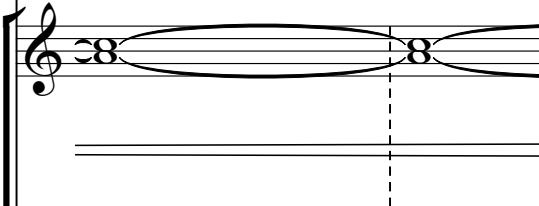
B. Fl. 45 

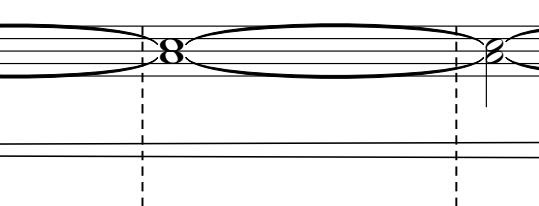
B. Cl. 

48 

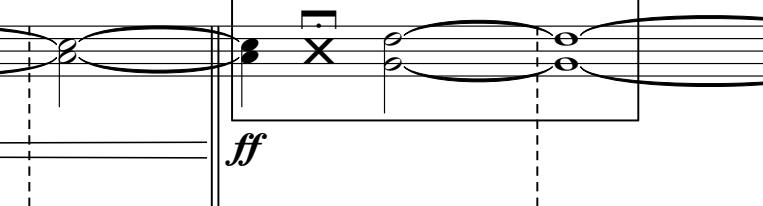
ff

ff

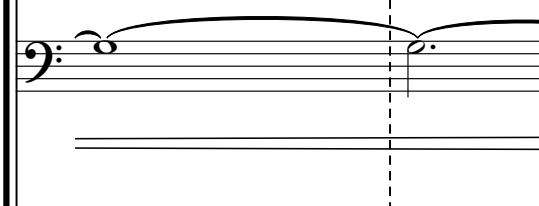
Vln. 28. 

Vla. 

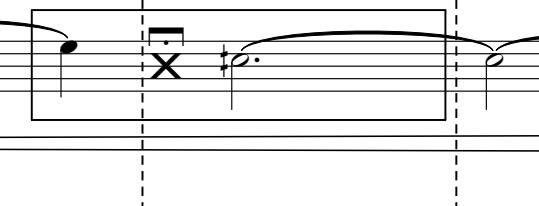
gliss.

Vcl. 

ff

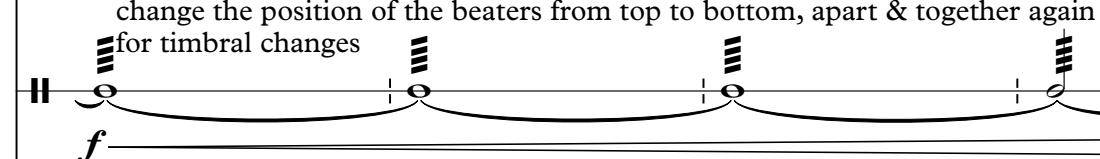
Vcl. 

ff

D.B. 

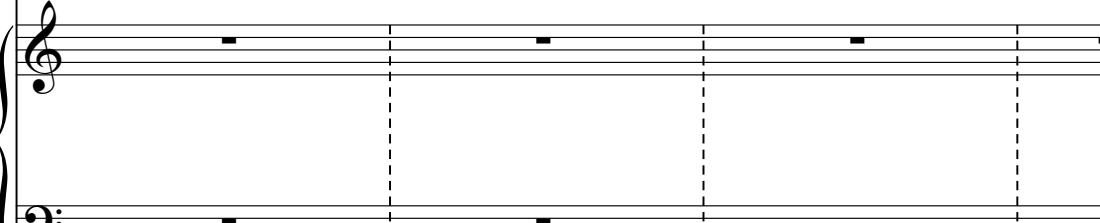
gliss.

ff

Perc. continue tremoli, loud & intense
change the position of the beaters from top to bottom, apart & together again in the middle, around the brim etc.
for timbral changes 

f **ff**

continue sim.

Hpsd. 

excite lowest strings & create long, very deep sounds

2
4

B. Fl. 51 flt.

B. Cl. tr~~~~~

Vln. gliss.

Vla. gliss.

Vcl. 8

D.B.

Perc.

Hpsd.

3' 30"

 $\frac{4}{4}$

57

B. Fl. z ord. tr.

B. Cl. (tr) ord. tr.

Vln. trem. irr. gliss. ord.

Vla. trem. irr. ord. trem. irr.

Vcl. trem. irr. ord. trem. irr.

D.B. trem. irr. ord. trem. irr.

Perc. ||

Hpsd. {

This musical score page contains six staves of music for various instruments. The top staff is for Bassoon (B. Fl.) in treble clef, with dynamics 'z' and 'tr.' indicated. The second staff is for Bassoon (B. Cl.) in bass clef, also with 'tr.' and 'ord.' markings. The third staff is for Violin (Vln.) in treble clef, featuring 'trem. irr.' and 'gliss.' markings. The fourth staff is for Viola (Vla.) in bass clef, with 'trem. irr.' and 'ord.' markings. The fifth staff is for Cello (Vcl.) in bass clef, with 'trem. irr.' and 'ord.' markings. The sixth staff is for Double Bass (D.B.) in bass clef, with 'trem. irr.' and 'ord.' markings. The bottom staff is for Percussion (Perc.) and Harpsichord (Hpsd.), represented by a single horizontal bar. Measure lines are indicated by vertical dashed lines, and measure numbers 57 are present above the first two staves.

12

4 min.

2 **4**

B. Fl. ord. **trem. irr.** flt.

B. Cl. (tr) ord. trem. irr.

Vln. trem. irr. ord. trem. irr. ord. gliss.

Vla. ord. trem. irr. ord. trem. irr. ord. gliss.

Vcl. trem. irr. ord. trem. irr.

D.B. ord. trem. irr. ord. trem. irr. ord. gliss.

Perc. ||

Hpsd. take off pedal block Manual 2 d 8vb ffff continue sim.

Harpsichord: Treat the material with freedom and improvise ad lib. with it, pause ad lib. Transpose an octave down or up ad lib. The tempi and rhythms are suggestions. The normal barlines indicate important points of reference for changes in pitch material. Otherwise it is not necessary to perform in sync with any of the strings or the conduction. Maximum volume & Manual 1 intensity at all times. The material is processed electronically.

4' 30"

$\frac{2}{4}$ 72 $\frac{4}{4}$

B. Fl. ord. flt.

B. Cl. ord.

Vln. trem. irr. ord.

Vla. ord. gliss.

Vcl. ord. trem. irr. ord. gliss.

D.B. ord. trem. irr. ord. gliss.

Perc. ||—

Hpsd. continue sim.

8^{vb} — 8^{vb} —

74

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

Hpsd.

heavy vib.
ord.

heavy vib.
ord.

heavy vib.
ord.

heavy vib.

gliss.

heavy vib.

5 min.

79 80 2 4 4

B. Fl.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

Hpsd.

8^{vib}

heavy vib.

ord.

gliss.

heavy vib.

ord.

heavy vib.

ord.

heavy vib.

ord.

continue sim.

85

B. Fl. ord. X

B. Cl. heavy vib.

Vln. heavy vib. ord.

Vla. ord. X

Vcl. heavy vib. ord. X

D.B. heavy vib.

Perc. [percussion line]

Hpsd. { [percussion line] continue sim. 3 5 5]

2
4
88 heavy vib.
5' 30"
4
4

Transition
to Picc. Piccolo

2
4

B. Fl. ord. X flt. ord.

B. Cl. ord. X z

Vln. X ord. SP

Vla. ord. X ord. SP

Vcl. ord. X ord. SP

D.B. ord. X gliss. X ord. SP

Perc. ord. X ord. SP

Hpsd. { ord. X ord. SP

Manual 1

Manual 1

6 min. Go for maximal output volume at all costs,
4
4 the sound quality can now deteriorate,
keep volume & intensity at the same level until bar 149.

97

Picc. flt. fffff

B. Cl. (b) o fffff

Vln. fffff

Vla. (b) o fffff

Vcl. fffff

D.B. fffff

Perc.

Hpsd. Manual 1: 6 6 6 | 5 5 5 | 5 5 5 | repeat 2 bars

Manual 2: 6 6 6 | 3 3 | 3 3 | Manual 1: 3 3 | 3 3 |

fffff 8vb

gentle tremoli on a metal plate, with slow timbral changes
create a permanent rumbling background noise
leaving the foreground to the strings, perform an unceasing restless chain of events during the 10 minutes

Manual 1: 6 6 6 | 5 5 5 | 5 5 5 | repeat 2 bars

Manual 2: 6 6 6 | 3 3 | 3 3 | Manual 1: 3 3 | 3 3 |

fffff 8vb

2
4

4

100

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

Hpsd.

ord. flt. x z

continue sim.

Manual 1

Manual 2

mf

6' 30"

$\frac{2}{4}$

Picc. 108 flt.

B. Cl. z z z

Vln. z z z z

Vla. z z z z

Vcl. z z z z

D.B. z z z z

Perc. ||

Hpsd. { 3
6

The musical score is divided into measures by vertical dashed lines. Measures 1-4 show Picc. and B. Cl. with grace notes and sustained notes. Measures 5-8 show Vln., Vla., Vcl., and D.B. with sustained notes and grace notes. Measures 9-12 show Perc. with a continuous rhythmic pattern. Measure 13 shows Hpsd. with a sixteenth-note pattern and a dynamic marking '3' over three measures and a '6' under it.

7 min.

4
4

113 ord.

M27

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

lively trem. irr.
change octaves ad lib.

M27

M1

M1

M1

M2

M2

Hpsd.

117 M27

Picc. B. Cl. Vln. Vla. Vcl. D.B.

2 4 120 4 4 7' 30" M177

Perc.

Hpsd.

M1 M1 8 M2 M1 slow down trem. M1 M1

Material for improvisation
shadowing ideas from before
all octaves, on manuals as indicated (scordatura)

122

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

cresc. to ***fffff*** until bar 149

f

Hpsd.

M1

M2

126

Picc.

B. Cl.

128 ord.

2
4

8 min.

4
4

M91

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Hpsd.

M1

M2

131

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Hpsd.

continue

gliss.

8' 30"

$\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

Picc. 136

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Hpsd.

M1

M2

This musical score page contains six staves of music. The top four staves (Picc., B. Cl., Vln., Vla.) are in common time (indicated by a '4/4' symbol) and the bottom two staves (Vcl., D.B.) are in 2/4 time (indicated by a '2/4' symbol). The tempo is marked as 136 BPM. The score includes dynamic markings 'ff' and 'ff' at the beginning of the section. Measure numbers 8, M1, and M2 are indicated. The vocal parts (Vln., Vla., Vcl., D.B.) feature sustained notes with grace notes and slurs. The woodwind parts (Picc., B. Cl., Hpsd.) play eighth-note patterns marked with 'X' and dots. The bassoon part (B. Cl.) has a prominent eighth-note pattern. The double bass part (D.B.) has sustained notes with slurs. The harp part (Hpsd.) has sustained notes with slurs. The score is enclosed in a dashed rectangular frame.

2
9 min.
4
4

141

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Hpsd.

M1

M2

reduce to G & D
M1

29 In bar 149 end together on cue
begin transition independently after rest
total length of 'transition impro' determined by conductor
(when everybody is finished) continue on cue in synch until end

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 29, measures 146 through the end of the section.

The score includes parts for Picc., B. Cl., Vln., Vla., Vcl., D.B., and Hpsd. (Harp).

Measure 146 (left side):

- Picc.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata.
- B. Cl.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata.
- Vln.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata.
- Vla.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata.
- Vcl.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata.
- D.B.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata.
- Hpsd.: Rests.

Measure 149 (right side):

- Picc.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata. Dynamic: *p*. Duration: 9' 20". Instructions: ord. full & warm.
- B. Cl.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata. Dynamic: *p*. Instructions: ord. full & warm.
- Vln.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata. Dynamic: *p*. Instructions: ord. full & warm.
- Vla.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata. Dynamic: *p*. Instructions: ord. full & warm.
- Vcl.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata. Dynamic: *p*. Instructions: ord. full & warm.
- D.B.: Notes with a box containing an 'X' and a fermata. Dynamic: *p*. Instructions: ord. full & warm.
- Hpsd.: Rests.

Measure 150 (bottom):

- Hpsd.: Rests.
- Perc.: Instructions: Perc. tacet until Part VI.

Measure 151 (bottom):

- Hpsd.: Rests.

151

Picc. breathe quickly
as necessary ,

B. Cl. breathe quickly
as necessary ,

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

Hpsd.

This musical score page contains six staves of music. The top four staves represent Piccolo (Picc.), Bassoon (B. Cl.), Violin (Vln.), and Viola (Vla.). The Piccolo and Bassoon staves feature melodic lines with slurs and grace notes, with two 'breathe quickly as necessary' markings placed above them. The Violin and Viola staves also show melodic patterns with slurs. The bottom two staves represent Cello (Vcl.) and Double Bass (D.B.). Both of these staves have sustained notes across all five measures. The Percussion (Perc.) and Harpsichord (Hpsd.) staves are empty. Measure numbers 151 are indicated at the top left, and measure 30 is at the top center.

156

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc.

10 min.

vivid high frequency screeches, not loud, with silence in between (Fahrradschlauch)
emerging from the soundwall

Hpsd.

161

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln.

Vla.

Vcl.

D.B.

Perc. on cue
begin Part VI #1 with soprano

Hpsd. continue sim.
continue for a while
after Perc. & Soprano have begun PART VI #1
go on until cue from Soprano

This musical score page contains six staves for Picc., B. Cl., Vln., Vla., Vcl., and D.B. The first five staves are blank, each with a single note head at the beginning of the first measure. The Percussion staff has a note head with a square symbol. The Hpsd. staff has a dynamic line starting with a square symbol and ending with a curved line. There are three text annotations: 'on cue begin Part VI #1 with soprano' above the Percussion staff, 'continue sim.' above the Hpsd. staff, and 'continue for a while after Perc. & Soprano have begun PART VI #1 go on until cue from Soprano' below the Hpsd. staff. The page number 32 is at the top center.

Part VI / Ambient

Cue Soprano 'alone' Part VI / #1 - begin with bar 99 = 1

5

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln. *flat & with slight accents*
LC ord.
ppp

Vla. *batt.* *ord.* *batt.* *ord.*
mp

Vcl. *arco MSP*
ppp

D.B. *damp batt.*
ord.
mp

Perc.

Hpsd.

9

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln. sim. *pppp*

Vla. sim. *pppp*

Vcl. sim. *pppp*

D.B. *pppp*

Perc.

Hpsd.

C MST
breathy
noise

C MST
breathy
noise

C MST
breathy
noise

C MST
breathy
noise

13

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln. *LC ord.
harm.*
8va

Vla. *LC ord.
harm.*
8va

Vcl. *LC ord.
harm.*
pppp

D.B. *LC ord.
harm.*
pppp

Perc.

Hpsd.

pppp

7

17

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln. (8) *breathy sound* *ord. SP slow trem irr.*

Vla. (8) *breathy sound* *ord. SP slow trem irr.*

Vcl. *breathy sound* *ppp*

D.B. *ppp*

Perc.

Hpsd.

21

Picc.

B. Cl.

Vln. (8) *pppp* slow trem. irr. ord.

Vla. (8) *pppp* slow trem. irr.

Vcl. ord. SP slow trem irr.

D.B. *breathy sound* *ppp* *pppp* slow trem. irr.

Perc.

Hpsd.

Part VII / Hintergrundrauschen

A concept for improvisation

duration 5' 40" minutes

Transit from one to the next box independently & in a fluid way to avoid clearcut borders.
Finish the last sound individually and take time to move on to the next one.

Bass Flute

Bass Clarinet in B_b

Violin

Viola

Violoncello

Double Bass

Percussion

Harpsichord

0' 00"

1' 30"

1' 30"

1' 30"

3' 00"

RAUSCHFELD #1

Luftig/airy/breathy
möglichst keine eindeutigen Tonhöhen
max. **p**

über die Dauer unverändert stabile, lange, leise Klänge,
weich und locker verteilt, mit Pausen pro Instrument
Aufeinander reagieren ist möglich.
Beginn Cello, alle anderen danach und nicht absichtlich
gleichzeitig

Strings:
arco nicht nur auf den Saiten, auch am Korpus
oder direkt am Steg

Winds:
Atemgeräusche, Windgeräusche,
Multiphone mit hohem Rauschanteil
(vorzugsweise um C, Des, D Es, E, G, As, A)
Fluttertongue, Voiced Sounds
eventuell Tremoli

RAUSCHFELD #2

Luftig/airy/breathy
möglichst keine eindeutigen Tonhöhen
max. **mp**

wie zuvor,
die Sounds können sich jedoch jetzt allmählich verändern
(Farbe, Frequenz)

Strings:
zusätzlich gelegentliche Einzelklänge oder kurze Klangfolgen
Legno battuto, saltando, ricochet

Winds:
zusätzlich kurze Clicks, Klappengeräusche
einzelnen oder mehrere Klänge als Gruppe

tacet until minute 3' 30"

tacet until Part VIII

Übergänge zur nächsten Box jeweils fließend & individuell, sodaß die Grenzen verschwimmen

Parts I and VIII for harpsichord solo

Part I / Pale waters #1

1. Introduction

A

5 4 $\text{J} = 44\text{--}50$ free & flowing
traumwandlerisch taumelnd

top manual

damp with paper & hand
slightly & slowly changing pressure ppp

long pause

sim.

bottom manual
with skordatura

ppp Ped.

ppp Ped.

ppp Ped.

ppp Ped.

ppp Ped.

damp as before

sim.

point d'arrêt

2. Perform

AD p
AB p
BC mf
CD mf

5 4 ord.

4 5

3 4

3 8

4 3

5 4

B

C

D

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

sim.

3. Perform
BD *p*
AB *p*
AC *mf*
CD *p*

5 4 3 4 4 3 4 8 4 5 4

A B C D

Ped. Ped. Ped. Ped. Ped.

4. Perform
BC *mf*
AB *mf*
BD *p*
AD *p*

5 4 4 3 4 8 4 5 4

A B C D

on strings circle circle as before tap glass on strings, very short noise

with a glass, circle across strings for airy sounds

5. Perform
 AC ***mf*** (damp A)
 BD ***mf***
 CD ***p***
 A with effect ***p*** & Coda

effect: distort with glass at singular points indicated

$\text{♩} = 64$ torkelnd & verträumt

3

5 perform A as high as possible

distort

lowest octave

natural E before E flat always

on strings

with a glass, circle across strings for airy sounds

tap glass on strings, very short noise

3

7:4

begin slow & acc.

30

4:3

on strings circle as before

tap

Coda. Perform as written.

5
4 as high as possible

4

accelerate to $\text{♩} = 80$

3
4

'normal' octave
4

p
as low as possible

molto rubato

as low as possible

senza misura

A

begin trem. slowly & acc.

B

perform this trem. for a long time, damp by hand on & off,
vary tempo & style

Part VIII / Pale waters #2

1. Perform as written

5
4

1. *p*
2. *mf*

6 6 5 6 5 6 5

6 6 5

3
4

6 5 8 6 5

f always

6 6 6 5

2. Perform
CB *p*
AB *p*
CA *p* $\downarrow = 50-60$ rubato

5
4

perform portato, spread out except for the very short sounds

A

B

C

on strings

with a glass, circle across strings for airy sounds

circle as before

tap glass on strings, very short noise

3. Perform as written

Musical score for two staves. The top staff starts in $\frac{5}{4}$ with "very fast trem." markings. It then changes to "subito slightly slower" in $\frac{4}{4}$, followed by "sim." in $\frac{4}{4}$. The bottom staff starts in $\frac{5}{4}$ with "first *mf* second *pp*". Both staves then continue with "subito slightly slower" in $\frac{4}{4}$, followed by "sim." in $\frac{4}{4}$. The top staff then changes to $\frac{3}{4}$ with "very fast" markings. The bottom staff then changes to $\frac{3}{4}$ with "very fast" markings. Both staves then change to $\frac{3}{8}$ with "very fast" markings. Finally, both staves return to $\frac{4}{4}$ with "slightly slower trem" markings, followed by "acc. to very fast".

Continuation of the musical score. The top staff starts in $\frac{5}{4}$ with "very fast" markings. It then changes to "subito slightly slower" in $\frac{4}{4}$, followed by "sim." in $\frac{4}{4}$. The bottom staff starts in $\frac{5}{4}$ with "very fast" markings. It then changes to "subito slightly slower" in $\frac{4}{4}$, followed by "sim." in $\frac{4}{4}$. Both staves then continue with "subito slightly slower" in $\frac{4}{4}$, followed by "sim." in $\frac{4}{4}$. The top staff then changes to $\frac{3}{4}$ with "very fast" markings. The bottom staff then changes to $\frac{3}{4}$ with "very fast" markings. Both staves then change to $\frac{3}{8}$ with "very fast" markings. Finally, both staves return to $\frac{4}{4}$ with "acc. to very fast" markings.

4. Perform
DC ***ppp***
A pp
B pp

slow vib. with a phial (small long glass tube) on strings
slide phial during extended passages
perform very freely & take as much time as needed for modulating sounds with the phial

5
4

3
4

3
4

38

on strings move up & down
press down phial slightly in given rhythm

glass or metal tube

acc. trem. → trill

sim.

press

move up & down

move up & down

38

4

no vib.

no vib.

press

sim.

sim.

trill

To end the piece, shadow the material from the last page for app. 30" thinning out.

Part VI for soprano solo and percussion

Part VI / Fragile room #1 / *Un freddo scoglio*

This part should be sung from memory.

Soprano

Percussion

S.

Perc.

S.

Perc.

F $\text{♩} = 60$

$\frac{4}{4}$ mp sung, portato
munter

[a] [η]

F $\text{♩} = 60$

Gran Cassa

*) 1. line: bone held up
2. line: bone touched to drumhead

Gran Cassa superball

with superball, produce very soft sounds/drones shifting in colour and pitch

dynamic range, with accents as indicated

p

ppp

fast trem. irr.

slow down trem.

ppppp - p

*****) the pulse can flip at some point during the accelerando
begin slowly, then 'acc.'*)

very fast trem.

calm

ppp mp pp

trem. irr.
up/down scratch

repeat bar

ord.

[ɔ] [a] [ɔ]

[a]

[ɔ]

17

S.

p *ppp* very slow trem irr.
oscillating

mp

very fast trem.

[i] [i] [i] [i] [i]

22

S.

ord. 3 3 [e] [e] [a]

pp

[c] 5 [p] to

mp

4 4

erc.

pppp *mp*

pppp

Musical score for soprano (S.) and percussion (Perc.). The score consists of two staves. The soprano staff (top) starts with a dynamic of ***ff***, followed by ***p***, ***mp*** (with the instruction "very strong even fast vib."), and ***ppp*** (with the instruction "ord."). The vocal line includes sustained notes with slurs under the letters [i], [a], [y], [mmm], [mmm], and [i]. The percussion staff (bottom) features sustained notes with slurs under the letters [i], [a], [y], [mmm], [mmm], and [i]. A dynamic range from ***pppp*** to ***p*** is indicated. The percussion part includes vertical strokes and accents. The score is numbered 27.

32

S.

Perc.

ff

p densify sounds & spread out again

mp

p

7/*8* sim. with pitch bend

mp

p

Al - - - - tri

al - - - - tri

7/*8* bone & snail shell angle *)

*) angle between bone & drumhead: vertical ↓ horizontal → at an angle ↘

ffff

pppp

37

S.

Perc.

Spoken voice

Spoken voice

I want

*determined
spoken to oneself
with revulsion*

43

S.

no one else with me, NO! ONE! Ch'un fred - do sco - - gio

ch'un fred - do sco - - gio

sco - gio

Perc.

Gran Cassa superball

continue to perform
a slow crescendo/decrescendo at irr. intervals
modify sonic textures/drones slowly over time

pppp

48

S. *p*
'acc.' trem. to fast trem.

Perc. overall crescendo

ppp slow trem. irr.
[ɔ]

rhythmic modifications of sounds/accents becoming more & more audible

trem. irr. slow 'acc.' to fast trem. irr. → *mp*
[ɔ]

light sweep with hand over drumhead
3

54

S. *mp*
ord.
[ɔ]

Perc. tap drumhead
3 sweep

p sung inhale ord.
[hə] [hə]

whispered, fast, in a natural rhythm
Tornante! Veil your sweet lips, don't look at me! Hide!

mp audible breaths exhaling, inhaling
[ha - a - ha - a - ha - a]

sweep
stop accents

drop dry leaves onto the skin of the drum
lift your arm up high in the beginning,
begin with singular occasions & gradually densify

59

S. *ppp* sung
[l] [la] [a]

Perc. fadeout superball drone

mp *ppp* *mf*
[hœ]

ppp *p* audible inbreath
[ʃ] - [ʃ] *whispered*

[ʃ] *i*

drop leaves with both hands now

S. 65 *mf ppp* high coloured whisper *mf ppp* *p* sung fast tongue trem. *mp* ord. *mp* *mf*
 sh - ee ss - ings [l] [lələlə] La scia - te - mi qui so -

Perc. now the drumhead
should be entirely covered with leaves almost to a beat
drop five cones on the drumhead

S. 71 *p* hiss & whisper, medium colour *mf ppp* *mf ppp* *mp* sung
 - la, so - - - 1 a sh - e s - ings [a]

Perc.

S. 77 *ppp* begin trill slow *mp* acc. → fast *ppp* *mf* ord. *ppp*
 [b] Leave me here a - lone [n] to sing

Perc. with one hand, take a few leaves & very slowly,
delicately crush them while gently touching
the drumhead with the material
to amplify the noises dynamics follow materiality explore textures of crushing, begin with tiny amounts of material
 second hand joins in, sim.

S. *ppp*
83 begin trill slow acc. → fast slow [hi] - [hi] - - - - [hi] sh - e s - ings

Perc. both hands work together now, taking more material & intensifying

with one hand only,
very gently sweep material
with slow, wide irr. movements across the surface,
very little pressure

Perc. *pppp*

second hand sweeps, too, sim.
moving in different spaces

S. *mf*
89 sung, semplice leave me a - lone

Perc.

S. *mp*
slow trill [ŋ] ord. urgently leave me here

Perc.

S. *f*
95 to die to die a - lone Keep your dis-tance at all costs

Perc.

overall cresc. but never loud *mp*

Perc.

coarse murmur airy & urgent

S. *fff*
sung with air mixed in a - lone trem. with hand holding material, stay in place, tiny quick movements

trem. sim. with other hand

S. 100 *slightly voiced hiss* *lower frequencies & change to inhale* *sinister* *vocal fry [y,α,u]* *mp* *audible in-out breath* *mp sung with desperation*

Perc. *as before, in place* *both hands meet at centre:* *hands move in opposite directions to right/left rim* *rim* *rim* *rim* *rim*

S. 108 *detached* *7:6 cool & calm*

Perc. *both hands meet at top* *hands stop at top & freeze* *right* *left* *toss a handful of material up into the air, away from the drum* *sim. & extend by adding a few wide circular motions on the drum surface*

S. 113 *fadeout voice* *only move lips at end, exaggerate lip movements, continue for a while*

Perc. *& toss continue* *randomly repeat sweeping material together, using hands and arms, playing with the sound & tossing away* *continue for a while after soprano has ended & then sweep off material from the drumhead*

Part VI / Fragile room #2 / Membrane

This part should be sung from a membrane score which is hung from the ceiling.

G ♩ = 66

S. 1 **p** tender

A word, a word, a word, a word, form - ing [i]

mf raw

detached

ppp subito

Perc. ♩ continue

6 **p** vocal fry, vary colouring & density of occurrences

S. [y] [æ,ə,u]

Perc. Gongs hanging **ppp**

11 **mp** sung tender

in 5 fast even vib. **mf** spoken **mf** whispered, breathe as necessary vary colouring

dark-ness - [ssss] [e] to [y] to [i] a word

Perc. **pppp** **p**

16

S. *p* *ppp* *p* *mf* *ppp* slow trem. irr. fast slow slow trem. fast slow fast trem. irr. be - tween be - tween

Perc. *pppp* *p*

21

S. *mf* fast slow be - tween be - tween be - tween be - tween be - tween

Perc. *pppp* *p* *ppp* very slow trem. irr. *f* 5 *ppp*

26

S. fast even vib. shivering *mf* *mp* whisper, hissed *ord.* 3 my lip - s - *[y], [e], [i]* vary colouring *lin - ger - ing, cling - ing to my breath, drop ping, fal - ter - ing, fall - - - - ing fall fall* overall decresc.

Perc. metal or plastic rods & wooden sticks with the side of a rod very fast scratch trem. slow gradual colour change to higher frequencies to lower frequencies ascents at irr. intervals *> > > >> >* *pppp* *p*

*crumple parts of the membrane between your fingers
for a crackling soundscape*

32 S. *fall fall - ing fall - - ing, fall - - - ing in - to an a-bys bey - ond time*

Perc. *slow down trem. to tip of rod very slow even circling movements ppp semper*

37 S. *half voiced, text spoken in a low register menacing & slowly
that opens up under my flesh //
touches the other side of dark matter // life reversed //
an inner voice // still singing on*

Perc. *metal, with diff. colour
slow circular movements
with tempo variations mp*

43 S. *sung life life life re-versed is gone, is gone, is gone,*

Perc. *accel. mf ppp
scratch circle intensify circling erratic circling motions getting edgy smooth transition to soft trem. pppp*

49

S. *mf*
is gone _____ gone _____ with the sound _____ van - ish-ing _____ in-to spa - ces of mem-o -

Perc. Big Cowbell, damped
4 diff. beaters quick irr. noises in many different timbres, short or scratched, open or damped, at irr. intervals
smooth condensed, then silence
transition to

pppp include short trem. irr.
scratched or beating,
on one object or between objects

55

S. *mp floating*
ry _____ spa - - - - ces, of mem-o - ry _____

Perc. crotales
with preparations
(tinfoil, chain or spring)

ffff

Perc. *ppppp*
p *mp* *mf* *f* *ff*

touch both hands onto paper, far apart, at mouth level

61

van - ish ing, van - ish - ing spec - tres of the past spec - tres of the past spec - tres

crot.

Perc.

beaters as before
crotales bow

PPP

p p

67

sing into paper, mouth touching membrane between hands

bend pitch down as far as comfortable a low, airy sound

move face & hands away from membrane

— of the past past past past

crot.

crot.

arco manipulated sound with tinfoil

sim.

PPP

slow down $\text{♩} = 66$

mf

p mp

mf light detached

p fast trem. irr.

ppp fast trem. irr.

shad-ows of my song re-ver-ber-ate hear the shad - ows shad - - - ows, shad - -

slow down $\text{♩} = 66$

ord.

sempr. pfffff

5 ord.

Cowbell different timbres

slow scrape

pp mp

ppfffff

PPP

5

mp

80 slow. trem. irr.

sweep both hands in circular motion across the membrane



ows, shad - ows - - [sss] [y]

mp voiceless hiss

inhal through teeth with a groan

ff sharp accentuated hiss

dance with fingers over membrane & tap while speaking

• casually & quickly spoken in a low voice

or is it microbiology // winding // firing cells // twisted grey matter at play

crot.

perc.

pp mp

mix different timbres & short tremoli

p mp

stop tapping
keep right hand fingers touching to membrane for a while

86 S. or a virus dancing within my skull // banging against

of my song

mp sung

mf bloom vib.

crot.

perc.

ppppp mp mf pppppp sempre mp < mf mp mf

90 S. mp ord.

p distort sound disgusted

[ŋ] my gliss. trem. song

mp slow trem. irr.

mf begin trill slow & acc. ord.

mp disgust distort

[ŋ]

crot.

perc.

continue in a similar mode sim. G. C. damped with beater dry sound mp

sim. mp mp mp ppp mp

p mp

touch your right shoulder to the membrane and gently move along the surface

S. **p** [η] low growl open & close mouth for colouring

crot.

perc. **ppp** **mp**

mp sung accelerate and blend into trill

song

S. 100 ord. song raw & dirty voice **fff**

crot.

perc. **ff**

dark clouds of smoke curling up vanishing into the sky

mf *p*

19 1. 3 5 2. 3 5 3. 3 5 4. 3 5 5. 3 5 6. 3 5 *mf*

[ɔ] → [a] [a]

4 *4*

mf

24 *repeats, rising pitch*

4 4

perform 2x

1. 3 6 2. sim. 3. 3 6 4. 3 6

[ɔ] → [i]

[ha]

mf

26 *repeats, same pitch*

2x

1. 3 6 2. sim. 3. 3 6 4. 3 6

[ɔ] → [i]

[ha]

mf

29 *repeats, falling pitch*

2x

1. 3 6:4 2. sim. 3. 3 6:4 4. 3 6:4

[ɔ] → [i]

[ha]

to be sung after the posture broke down
returning from the fictitious world

mf *p* *ppp*

32 drop pitch app. a semitone

sigh sim.

[e] - [ŋ] [ŋ] - [u]

Commentaries

Approximate Durations Sound

Part I

Pale Waters #1

harpsichord solo introduction
with electronics

6 min.

Part II

Einsame Jagd #1

Caccia solo

3 min.

Before Caccia solo ends: Paola and Juliet dance (the dance continues during Part III) 3 or 4 min.

Part III

Gedehnte Zeit

ensemble & voice

with Caccia ending *Einsame Jagd #2*

7 min.

Part IV

Noisy Threesome

ensemble & voice

with Caccia ending *Einsame Jagd #3*

before Part IV ends: Paola solo dance / Juliet starts later and then P+J dance – 7 or 8 min.

7 min.

Part V

Massif

ensemble (complete) & electronics

very loud

10 min. (fixed)

Part VI

7 + min.

The Fragile Room

#1 *Un Freddo Scoglio*

moving voice & percussion

Paola dance

#2 *Membrane*

6 + min.

voice behind membrane & perc.

Paola dance

#3 *Extinction*

7 + min.

moving voice

Paola dance

overlapping with #3

Part VII

Scratchy Field

ensemble

Part VIII

3 min.

Pale Waters #2

harpsichord solo outro

with electronics

.....

Part VI can be extended as much as necessary, all three sections # 1,2,3 can easily be extended.

Part V is fixed because it works with a stopwatch, and should not be longer.

Part VI will overlap for a short time with Part V, it will emerge from the loud wall of sound

Comments Wechselwirkung

General

Voice and instruments should perform with a natural, lively sound but without artificially produced vibrato (default).

Tempo

The indicated tempi are to be handled in a fluid and flexible way, with much freedom. In particular, the vocalist can take any freedom she wants.

Dynamics are to be considered as relative; ***mp*** and ***mf*** indicate the middle dynamic levels of a given sound production.

In the **Soprano** part, considering unvoiced productions such as whispering or hissing, dynamics refer to the intensity and strength of the stream of breath.

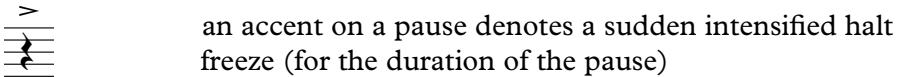
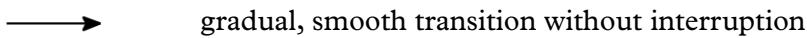
Note that ‘whisper’ is always a ‘stage whisper’.

Glissando

A glissando is indicated by a line between end notes; it is smooth. Stemlets indicate duration only, unless marked (with staccato).

All **grace notes** are to be placed before the beat.

Special signs



- full sounding,
sung, voiced
 - mixed with air sound,
half voiced
 - airsound only,
unvoiced
 - ⊕ damped,
with less finger pressure



flutter tongue

Pronunciation of phonetic characters

Phonetic characters always appear in brackets [].

The following characters are used to denote pronunciation.

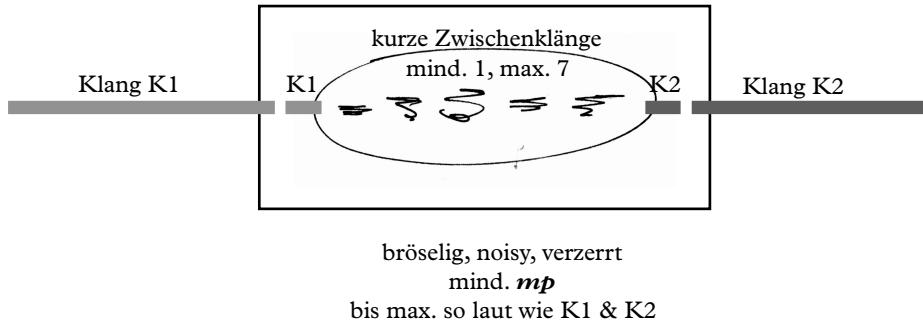
The length of a sound is always determined by the note value.

- a as in **father**
- ɛ as in German ‘**Vater**’ or English ‘**tongue**’ – slightly relaxed, less open than ‘a’
- e as in **dress**
- ə as in **ago**
- ɛ as in German ‘**Beere**’ or (österreichisch) ‘**Zähne**’ – slightly more nasal than ‘e’
- ç as in German ‘**ich**’
- ŋ as in **sing**
- ɔ as in **cor** or **oral**
- o as in **obey**
- œ as in French ‘**peur**’
- ʃ as in **she**
- u as in **do**
- y as in French ‘**sud**’ or ‘**sur**’ or German ‘**füllen**’

Comments Wechselwirkung

Part V / Massif

Eine Box mit **X** und Fermata markiert eine kurze, individuell improvisierte Zwischenaktion als Übergang von einem Klang K1 zum nächsten Klang K2 nach folgendem Rezept:



Zunächst wird K1 kurz angespielt, danach tastet man sich über ein Feld von 1 bis 7 bröseligen, verzerrten, geräuschhaften Zwischenklängen an K2 heran, dann wird einmal K2 kurz angespielt, und danach geht man mit dem notierten Klang 2 wie notiert weiter. Die Lautstärke der Zwischenklänge kann sich von **mp** bis zur jeweils aktuellen Lautstärke der Klänge K1 und K2 bewegen. Die Dauer der X-Improvisation hängt davon ab, wieviele Zwischenklänge gespielt werden, wird sich also irgendwo zwischen den Extremen 2 und 9 Sekunden bewegen.

Die Boxen sind in den Stimmen verschieden lang notiert, als Anregung für unterschiedlich lange Varianten. Die Boxen geben jedoch keine verbindliche Länge an. Es kann ad lib. jedesmal eine andere Form des Übergangs gewählt werden, oder ad lib. auch mehrmals dieselbe.

Idee dahinter: ein bestehender Klang zerbröselt, zerfällt, verwest und formiert sich neu. Ein organisches Geschehen wird musikalisch nachvollzogen.

Dynamik

Massif ist als eine organische Wand aus Klang komponiert, die sich organisch ein wenig verändert. Das Stück bewegt sich durchwegs im lauten Spektrum. Es soll bei allen Instrumenten mit einem satten, lauten Spiel beginnen, danach diejenige maximale Lautstärke ausschöpfen, die bei guter, voller Klangqualität noch möglich ist, danach kippt das Spiel zu einer maximal lauteren Klangproduktion, die nur auf Kosten der Tonqualität zu erreichen ist. Im Schlussteil läuft der finale Klang wieder etwas weniger laut, dafür voll und rund gespielt aus.

Comments Wechselwirkung / Harpsichord

Scordatura

For the bottom manual, detune both the 8' and 4' choir strings (alternatively only the 4') one quarter tone lower than the top manual. This scordatura should be prepared at least for the range of strings necessary for the performance of the piece (if not the entire lower manual for resonance). Decide about whether to detune only the 8' choir, only the 4' choir, or both, depending on the specifics of the given instrument.

The lower manual thus sounds **quarter tone lower** than notated!

Pedal block (fixed preparation Parts I and VIII)

Before performing, put a sustaining pedal block on the bottom manual covering the octave G – g to enable a piano-like sustaining effect in that range. The block stays in place in Part I, also in most of Part VIII.

Performance instructions

bröselig, noisy, verzerrt

Some parts are performed as written on both manuals, with the scordatura detuning the lower, bottom manual.

For performing sections that show more staves A, B, C, and D, pair these staves according to the box, playing

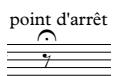
- the first mentioned staff on the top manual together with
- the second staff on bottom manual

Grace notes are to be performed before the beat.

Pauses



very long pause



short pause, a tender moment or gesture of pausing/freezing
like the baroque point d'arrêt

Preparations

For performing prepare

- a piece of felt or fabric for damping
- a small (drinking) glass for sections
- a slender, longer glass cylinder (phial)
- a wooden block and a plastic card for producing glissandi
- a piece of audiotape fixed to the lowest string to excite very low frequency noises
- a piece of rubber (bicycle tyre) to excite high frequency noises

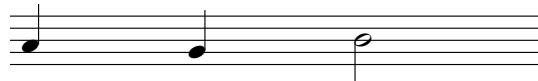


use the glass cylinder on the strings to transform the sound

Soprano

The voice part alternates between two main performance modes, which auralize two voice personalities: a *singing voice* that projects outwards and a more internal and withdrawn *noisy voice* personality that gives voice to the thinking mind and inner states. The piece asks the vocalist to shift between two different bodily and mental expressions.

The singing voice (sung voice production) is notated on a five-line stave with ordinary note heads:



The noisy voice personality (noisy voice production) is notated on a two line stave with slashed note heads throughout:



It features various spoken, murmured, or whispered sound productions, and an array of (distorted) non-verbal noises. The two lines frame the relative pitch or frequency range of the vocal register for the respective performance mode, from as high as possible to as low as possible. For unvoiced productions such as whispering, the range denotes a relative timbral colouring (frequencies) of the audible airstream through formants, from very dark to very high.

Formants for voiced or unvoiced productions are written in italics in the second lyrics line, below the first text line. Special performance modes (including emotional colouring) can be detailed above the vocal stave.

All specifications of noisy productions, such as distorted, snarling or growling, ask the singer to find a way of performance which results in the indicated aural and emotional timbre, while working best for her individual voice.

Text recitation

Longer passages of text appear as boxed text. The manner of recitation is defined for every box.

Strings

Bowing specifications

C	crini	ST	sul tasto	MST	molto sul tasto
L	legno	SP	sul ponticello	MSP	molto sul ponticello
LC	crini & legno				

Multiphonics

are used in the Violoncello and Double Bass part. The numbered multiphonics notated with diamond note heads follow the system of the website *Cello Map* (Ellen Fallowfield & Thomas Resch) as under <http://www.celomap.com/index/the-string/multiphonics-and-other-multiple-sounds/fingeringcharts.html>

Notation gives the exact position on the lower half of the string.
The resulting pitch intervals are written in the bracket above.

Flute

The flute part uses Alto Flute, Bass Flute, Piccolo.

‘Over’ the embouchure hole means to direct the airstream towards the instrument with lips slightly removed from the ordinary position, in order to be able to articulate words or syllables. Occasional instrumental sounds can happen. Fingerings are notated for those passages that ask for whispering or speaking ‘over’ the emb. hole.

Occasionally syllables for articulation are notated in the text line below the stave, in phonetic rendering.

Multiphonics

are notated with diamond note heads including the resulting pitches written above the lowest pitch and are marked with an M and a number. The numbering follows the system from *The Techniques of Flute Playing II* (Carin Levine & Christina Mitropoulos-Bott).

Percussion Instruments

Gran Cassa horizontal

Crotales g, g#, ab b flat - with preparation

Chinese Gongs hanging a, a1, g, g1, g#1

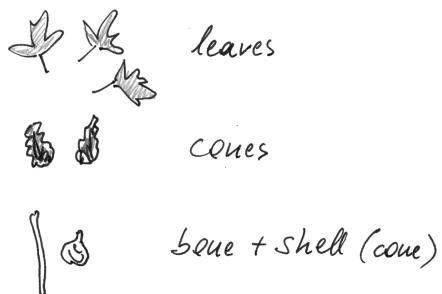
1 großes Tamtam

Ein Tisch mit 5 liegenden Objekten aus Metall und Holz

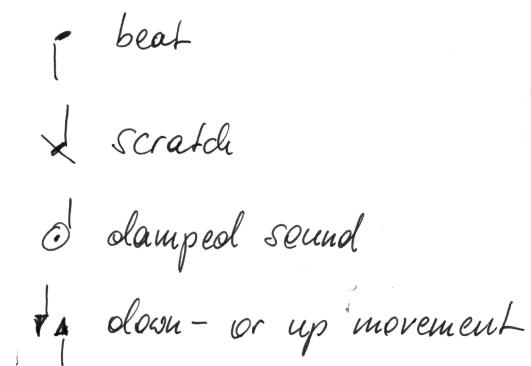
Metallteile hängend

Diverse Schlegel und Stäbe, Bogen zum Streichen für Crotales
Superballs

Material von mir: trockene Blätter, Zapfen, Knochen, Muscheln



Notenköpfe



Sciarrino-esque multiphonic trills for bass clarinet

from heatherroche.net

The image displays three staves of musical notation for bass clarinet, illustrating multiphonic trill patterns. The notation uses a treble clef and consists of vertical stems with open circles at the top, indicating the primary pitch, and solid dots indicating the secondary pitch. The patterns involve rapid alternation between these two pitches.

Staff 1: This staff begins with a C note. It features a series of vertical stems with open circles and solid dots. Some stems have arrows pointing downwards, indicating a specific performance technique. The notes are grouped by vertical lines, creating a trill-like effect. The staff ends with another C note.

Staff 2: This staff begins with a C# note. It shows a similar pattern of vertical stems with open circles and solid dots. The stems are grouped by vertical lines, and some have arrows pointing downwards. The staff ends with another C# note.

Staff 3: This staff begins with a D note. It follows the same pattern of vertical stems with open circles and solid dots, grouped by vertical lines with downward-pointing arrows. The staff ends with another D note.

Sciarrino-esque multiphonic trills for bass clarinet

The musical score consists of four staves of music for bass clarinet, arranged vertically. Each staff begins with a measure number (14, 19, 23, or 27) and a key signature. The music features a variety of multiphonic trill patterns, indicated by vertical stacks of dots and circles above the notes. The notes themselves are represented by small black dots on the staff lines. The bass clef is used throughout.

Staff 1 (Measure 14): Key signature: F major (one sharp). Notes: ♮○, ○, ○, ○, ♭○, ○, ♮○, ○, ○, ○. Below the staff, there is a vertical stack of six dots labeled e_b .

Staff 2 (Measure 19): Key signature: C major (no sharps or flats). Notes: ♭○, ○, ○, ○, ♭○, ○, ♮○, ○, ○, ○. Below the staff, there is a vertical stack of seven dots labeled e .

Staff 3 (Measure 23): Key signature: G major (two sharps). Notes: ○, ○, ♯○, ○, ○, ○, ○, ○, ○, ○. Below the staff, there is a vertical stack of six dots labeled f .

Staff 4 (Measure 27): Key signature: D major (one sharp). Notes: ♯○, ○, ○, ○, ♯○, ○, ♮○, ○, ○, ○. Below the staff, there is a vertical stack of seven dots labeled $f\#$.

Sciarrino-esque multiphonic trills for bass clarinet

3

The musical score consists of five staves of music for bass clarinet. Each staff begins with a measure number (31, 35, 39, 43, or 47) and a treble clef. The music is written on a standard five-line staff. The notes are represented by various symbols: solid black dots, open circles, and vertical bars. Some notes have small downward or upward arrows indicating pitch direction. In measures 35, 39, and 43, there are vertical stacks of dots and circles, some with horizontal dashes, representing multiphonics. Measures 35 and 39 also feature a 'g#' symbol. Measures 43 and 47 begin with a bass clef. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

Sciarrino-esque multiphonic trills for bass clarinet

51

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is for bass clarinet and shows a series of eighth-note pairs connected by vertical stems. Each pair has a small circle above it, indicating a multiphonic sound. The notes alternate between natural and sharp pitch. The bottom staff shows a continuous vertical line of small circles, representing a sustained multiphonic tone. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.