for mezzo soprano with throat microphone, electronics and visual

Pia Palme 2015

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for Ute Wassermann

for mezzo soprano, with a switchable throat microphone, electronic playback, and a visual

text by Pia Palme, remix after Ute Wassermann 'Meine Stimme'

komponiert im Auftrag der Salzburg Biennale 2015 unterstützt durch das bundeskanzleramt:kunst

as the number of holes/punctuations patterns appear in my mind

The performance package contains

- performance instructions and the text
- a written score
- an electronic track (playback)
- a video (playback) OR a visual projection OR a graphic punchcard score (on demand only)

Performance instructions

Notation

The score divides and notates the female voice onto two staves representing two clearly defined and different voice personalities. The interpreter is asked to switch between those two personalities in her performance vocally, mentally, and physically; changing from one to the other must happen precisely and completely, similar to the process of cutting in a film. Except for a few crossfades, the two voices are kept separate. For a better visibility, the lower system has a grey underlay.

'The female voice'

This voice personality defines a singing voice, mezzo soprano, overall characterised as gentle, calm, and song-like. She is never loud; only towards the end, she breaks into single, piercingly high peak sounds. She is notated



into an ordinary five-line system with a treble clef.

'The wrathful voice of darkness'

is an overall wrathful and enraged voice personality. I want her to be enflamed and irate, not merely angry. However, she is contained and smart. In the beginning, she holds back (sometimes instructed to perform with lips pressed together), later her sounds and noises erupt more openly. Her dark personality is composed from a rich array of noises and text recitations. In her part, the emotion of rage is coupled with mental clarity and precision.



This voice personality is notated into a two line stave defining a relative range between 'highest' and 'lowest' possible frequencies. Vocal productions include voiced or unvoiced noises such as whispering, croaking, murmuring, speaking, or audible breathing.

For this stave, proportional space-notation is used, with durations given in seconds. Verbal instructions such as 'quickly', 'slowly' etc. are given for spoken passages or recitations.

At certain moments, the score asks for a male timbral colouring of the (singing or speaking) wrathful voice, defined as 'man's voice'. If such a passage contains sung notes, the upper system is used, with a tenor clef and a signal indicating timbral change.



Breaks

There are no breaks or rests indicated in the score. The performer can choose for herself when to pause for a shorter or longer break. Some places are indicated, as below, other places can be added ad libitum.

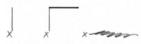
- short break, breath
- 22 longer break

Signs and notations



singing voice, sung

'flautando', with a fluty voice in the falsetto range e5 - g5



speaking voice in various timbral shades 'whispered', 'murmured', 'spoken'



'mans's voice', very low register with male timbral colour in the range c3 - f3 including extreme lower sounds



peak sounds, extremely high or low

noisy or distorted vocal production, notation within the stave indicates the frequency range (lower - higher)



arrow on stem: in-breath, out-breath



voiced



voiced using the 'man's voice'



unvoiced



mixing in air, breathy

II

 \longrightarrow

gradual and continous transition



one-note tremolo, using movement of lips or tongue



trill with the upper neighbouring note; if necessary, the note is detailed in brackets, or accidentals notated above



mordent, Baroque ornamentation using the lower neighbouring note with accidentals notated above

Text performance

The text is notated onto two lines. The main text is in the first line and contains German words or phonetic characters according to the IPA-chart. Formants in brackets are notated in the second text line.

Zuspielung / electronic or audiovisual playback track

A stereo track (or an audiovisual playback) is provided as a 'Zuspielung'.

The electronic (or, if applicable, the audiovisual) playback starts the piece. The vocalist chooses her own moment to begin, between 5 - 12 seconds later. Throughout the piece, the vocal part is performed independently from the electronic playback. The general idea of the playback is to provide an ambient, a lively but mostly soft background of noises. At some moments the playback becomes louder and penetrating, punctuating the singer's performance and intentionally covering up her voice. In part E the volume of the playback track should be gradually lowered, to allow the voice to be foregrounded.

The playback track is longer than the vocal part. It should continue for at least some seconds after the singing voice has stopped. If there is time, this part can be extended - there is ample material provided in the track. Playback is ended manually during performance, with a quick fadeout. In case of an audiovisual playback, the video and soundtrack should stop simultaneously.

Instructions for actions with the throat microphone

The performer has to wear a throat microphone, with a possibility to turn it on/off with a foot pedal (a volume pedal or an on/off switch is possible). Throughout the piece, the throat microphone is used to highlight specific vocal productions by means of amplification and distortion. These sonic moments are meant to aurally punctuate the performance. Five sections A, B, C, D and E are defined in the score. In every section the throat microphone is used in a different way:

Part A: 'Focus on Noise'

The microphone is

ON for non-verbal noise productions OFF for singing and text

Part B: 'Focus on Words'

The microphone is

ON for words and text

OFF for singing and non-verbal noise

Part C: 'Rosinen'

This keyword points to the German phrase 'Die Rosinen im Kuchen herauspicken'. Highlight particular and unique occurrences with the microphone. Amplify dramatic moments of choice, not too many of them, but single vocal events which can include any type of sound production.

Part D: 'Wetterleuchten'

Switch on the microphone quickly ON/OFF at irregular intervals, without any synchronisation whatsoever to vocal productions. Here, the use of the mic compares to unpredictable bolts of lightning, highlighting short sonic fragments. Occasionally densify the occurrence of these fragments, creating a quick sequence of mic-fragments as percussive elements. Focus on the resulting rhythm.

Part E: 'Das grosse und kleine'

Switch on only for exactly those four words of the text.

The visual element: the punchcard score, video, or projections

Although it is possible to perform the audio parts only, the visual element is an essential part of the piece. The audiovisual playback contains a video which I filmed from projections of the score, using analogue means only.

The original punchcard score can be provided for a performance. It is a graphic representation and comment of the key instructions for using the throat microphone in the five parts of the piece. The punchcard score can be moved by the vocalist during the performance, or it can be displayed on stage as an installative element, with appropriate stage lighting to play with the shadow of the score. There is also an analogue visual projection by Michael Vorfeld available.

Punchcards inspired the concept of the piece. Punctuation as a compositional plan is linked to the creation of patterns on punch cards for knitting machines. As the number of holes/punctuations increases above a certain level, patterns can form and arise. The playback composition starts with samples of sounds made with a punch tool, recorded during the making of the punchcard score.

III

Text

Wirf zurück den Pferderücken den Schweinskopf in die Bäume zurück ins Eiswasser

sternförmig dicke schwarze Vögel im dichten Wald singen verlaufend

kurz scharf seltsam sie sich verfremdet Regenwetter mit derselben Gestik verstärken mitten in Kopf

schläfriger Seufzer hallend Stimmen versterben klirrend schwarzverbrannt der Kuchen kreischt.

Weich ein
die Form
das Gefäß
ins Wasser
auf die Rückbank
wild
knurrt
der riesige Hund

immer auf dem Rückweg ein Lied und beiße wie von selbst kräftig die Ohren zu kehlige Laute sprachähnlich unter der Kuppel auf Grund Irrtum und Angst umringt die Saite entlang.

Ruf zurück das Gerücht den Jungen die ganze Welt aus allen Richtungen leicht gläubig Gezänk

starker Abstand in den Wind nur noch Klappen klappten Wirbel Säule

Winseln und Stöhnen bahnen sich ihren Weg durch das Reiben Laute sitzen schwarzgekleidet verflochten.

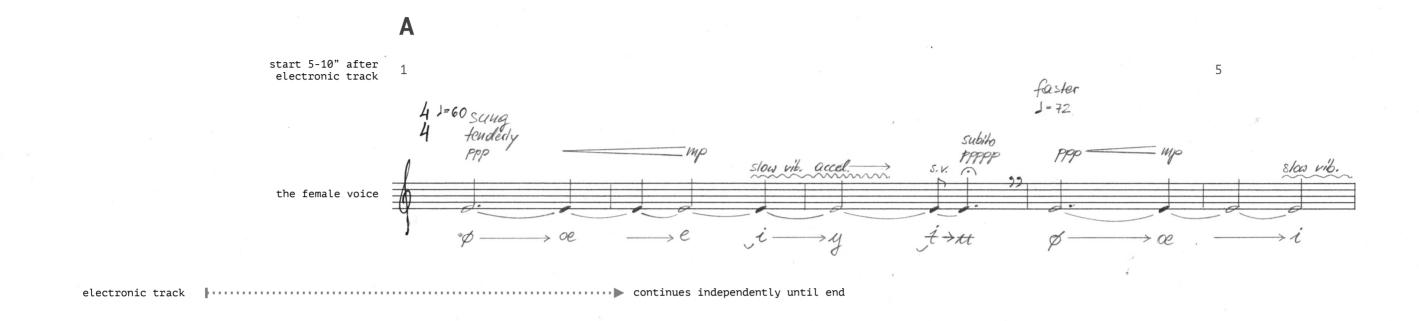
Sing zurück die Ohnmacht die Haltung gegen mein Brustbein trillert hinten

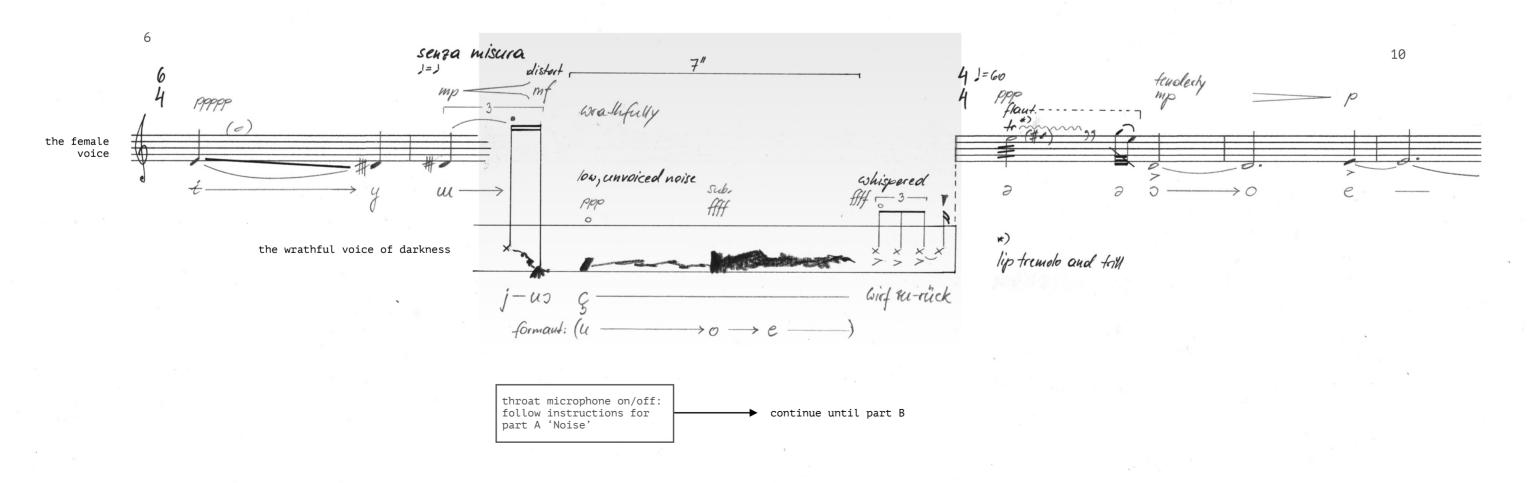
flimmert grau im Hochgebirge vervielfältigt

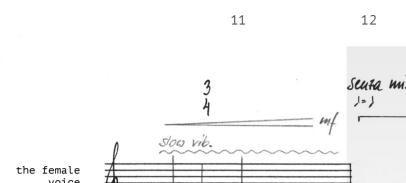
das große und kleine Rauschen.

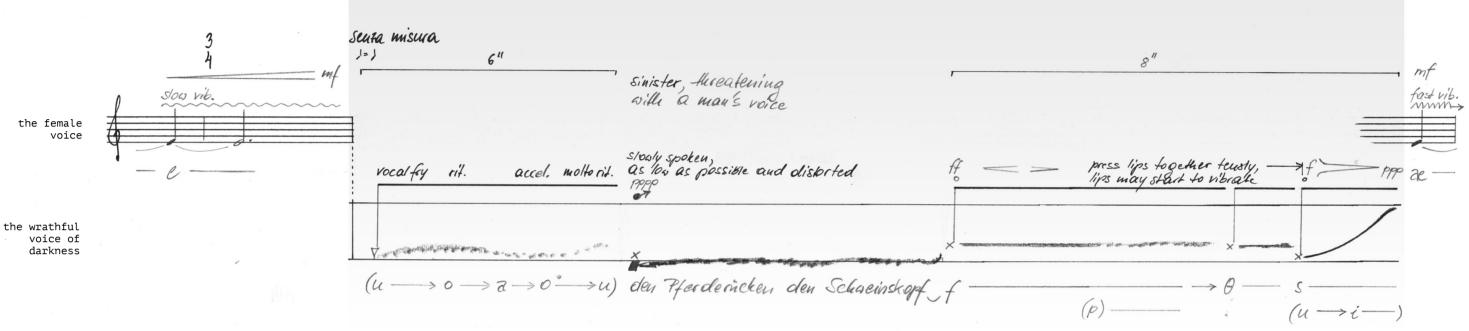
Pia Palme 2014, remix after Ute Wassermann

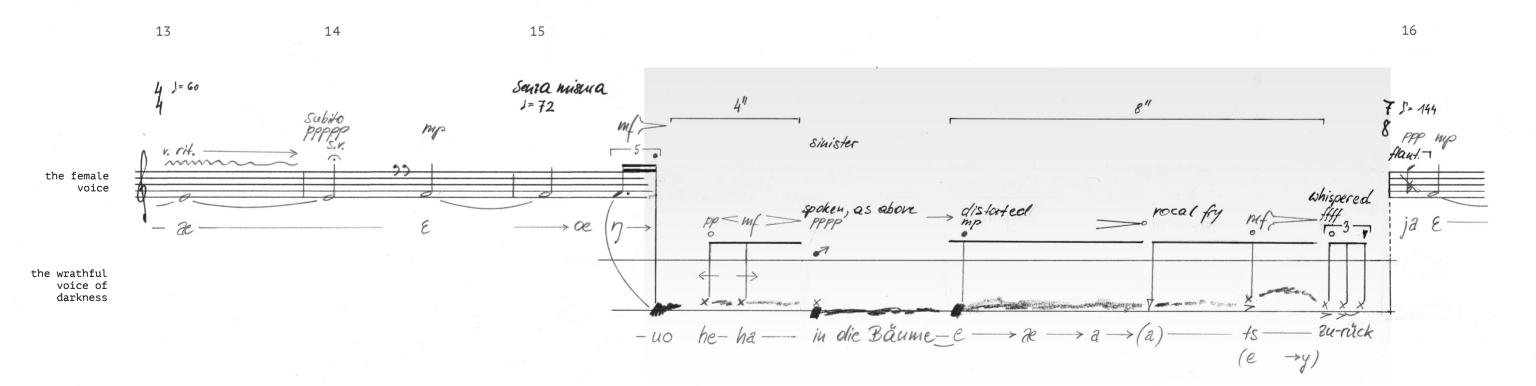
Pia Palme 2015 for Ute Wassermann

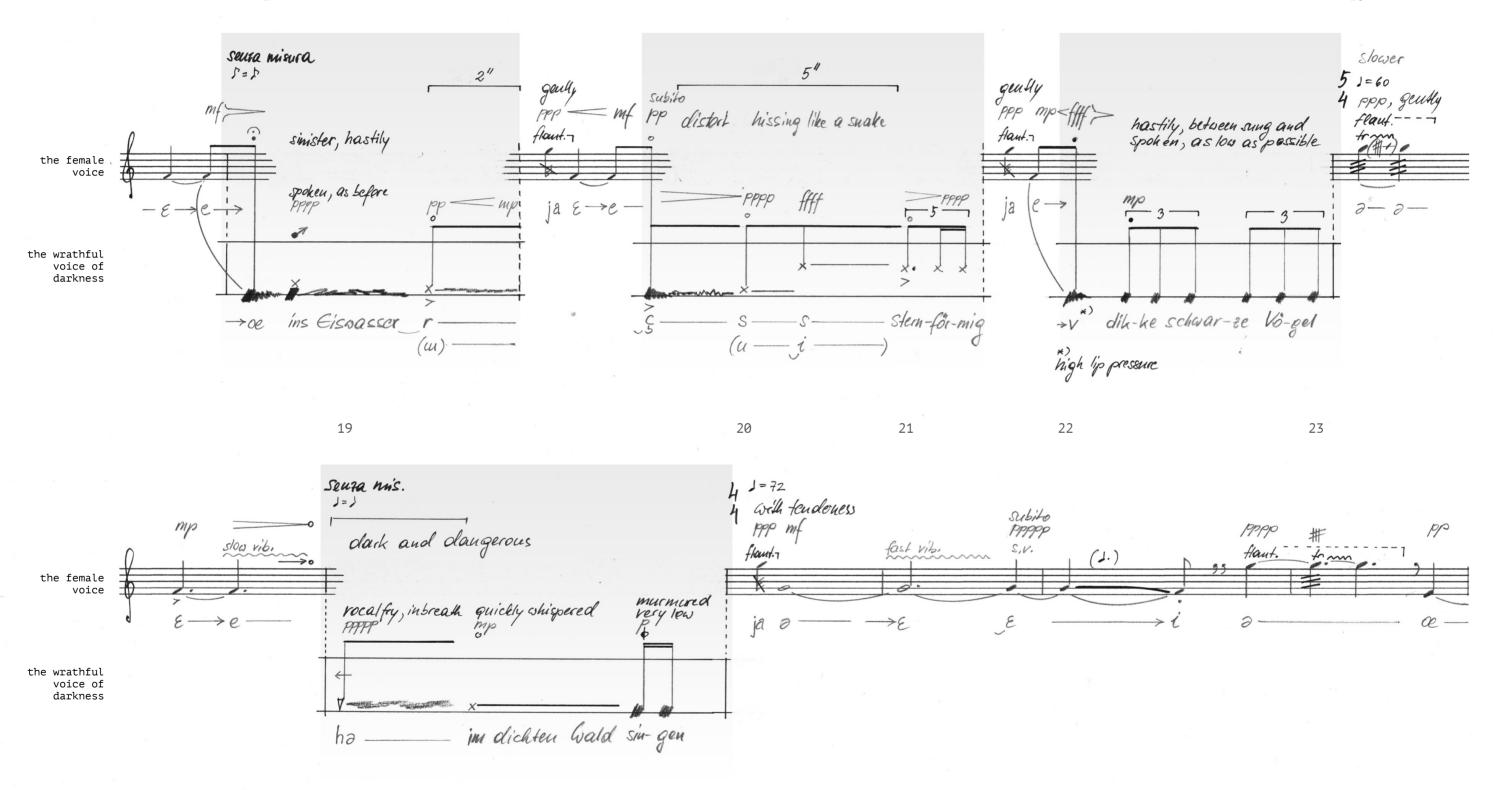


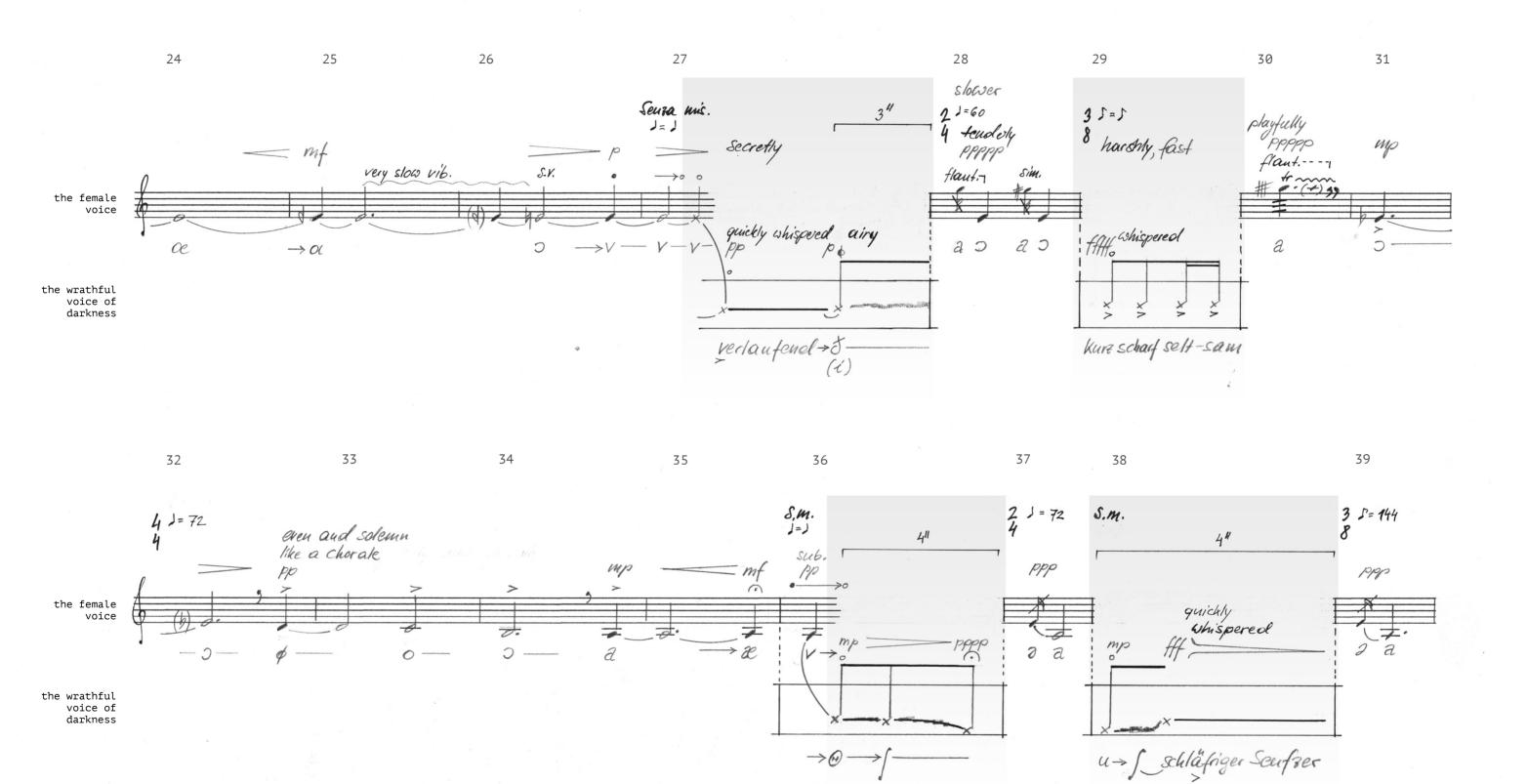


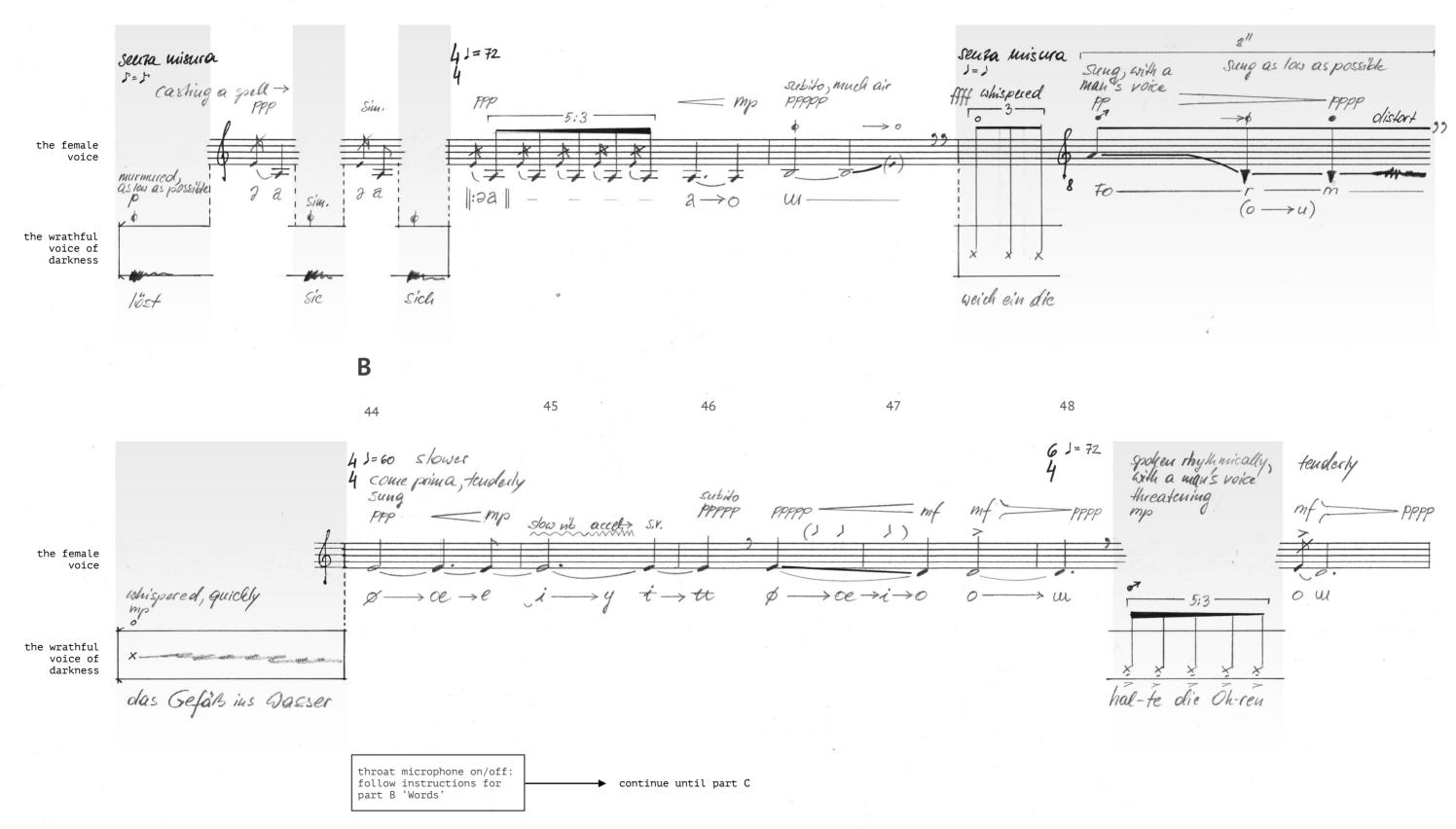






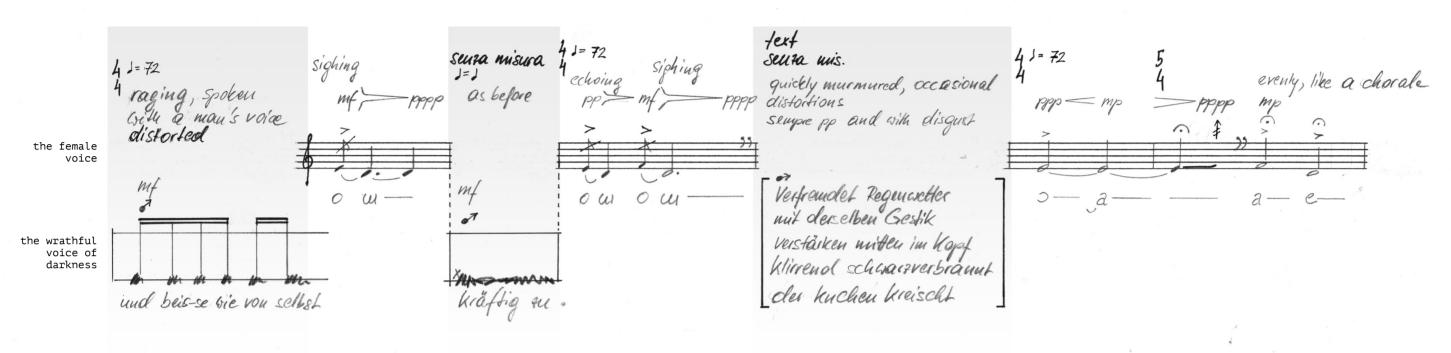


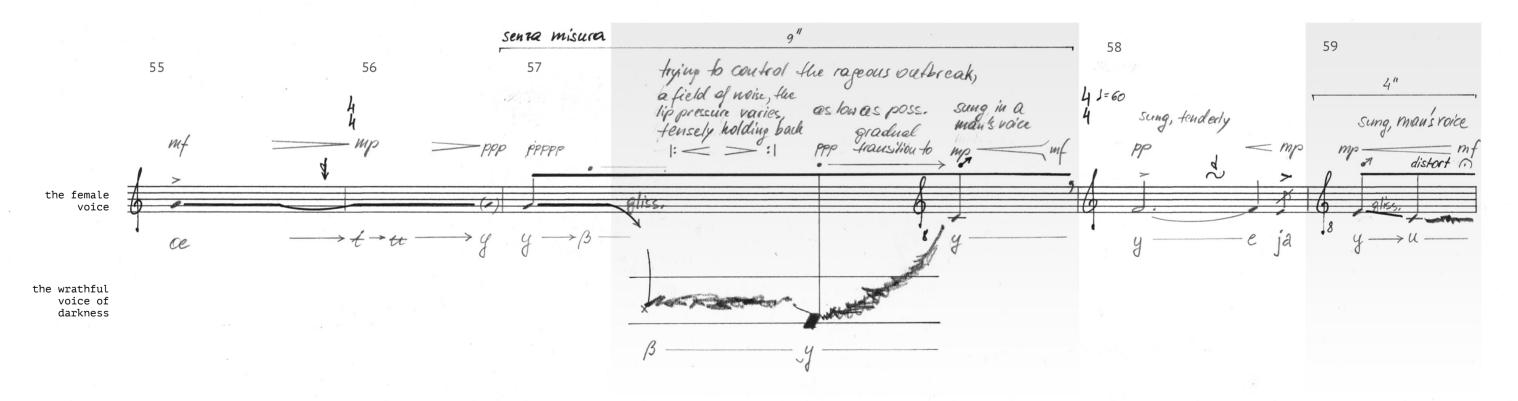


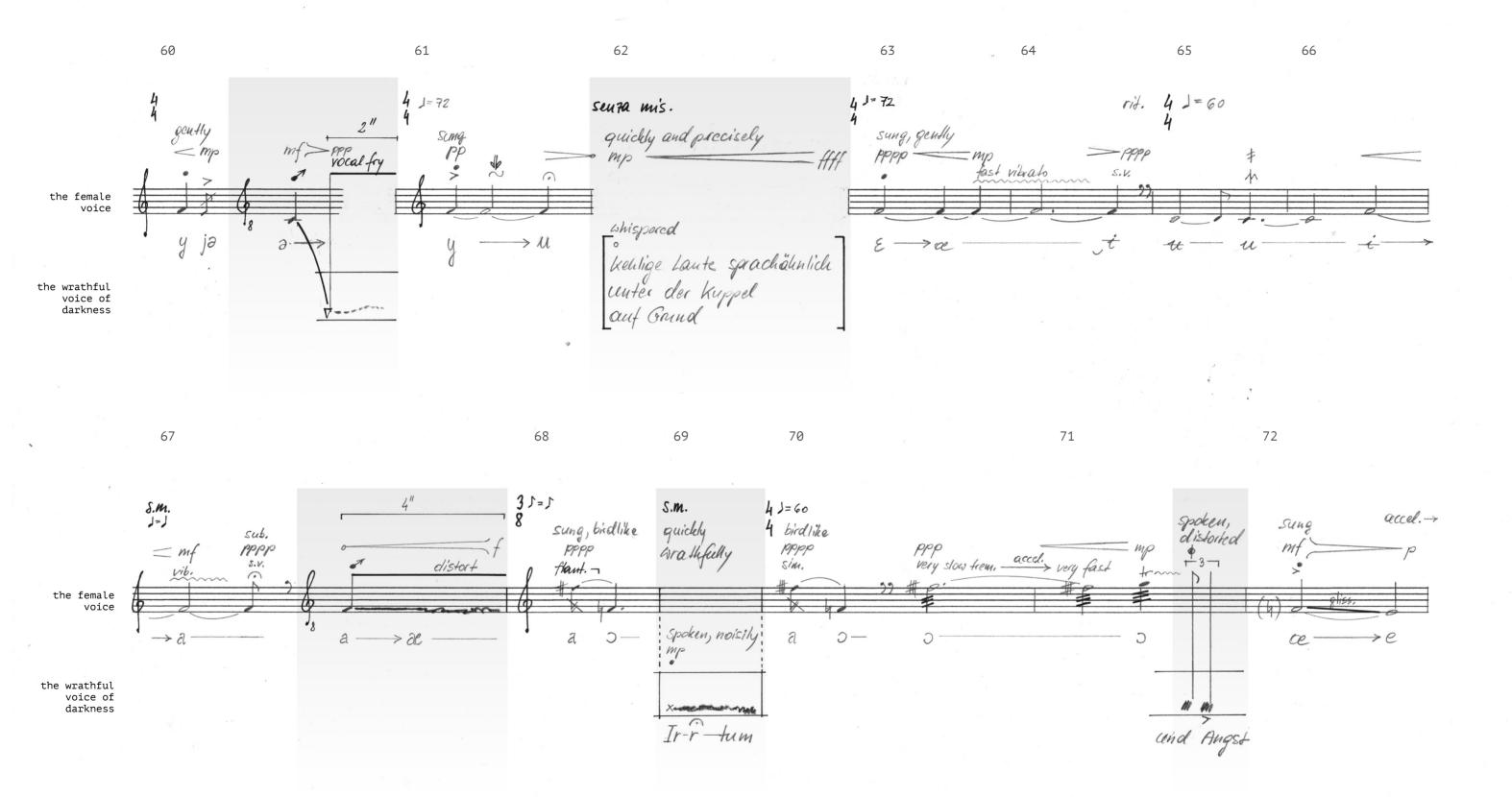


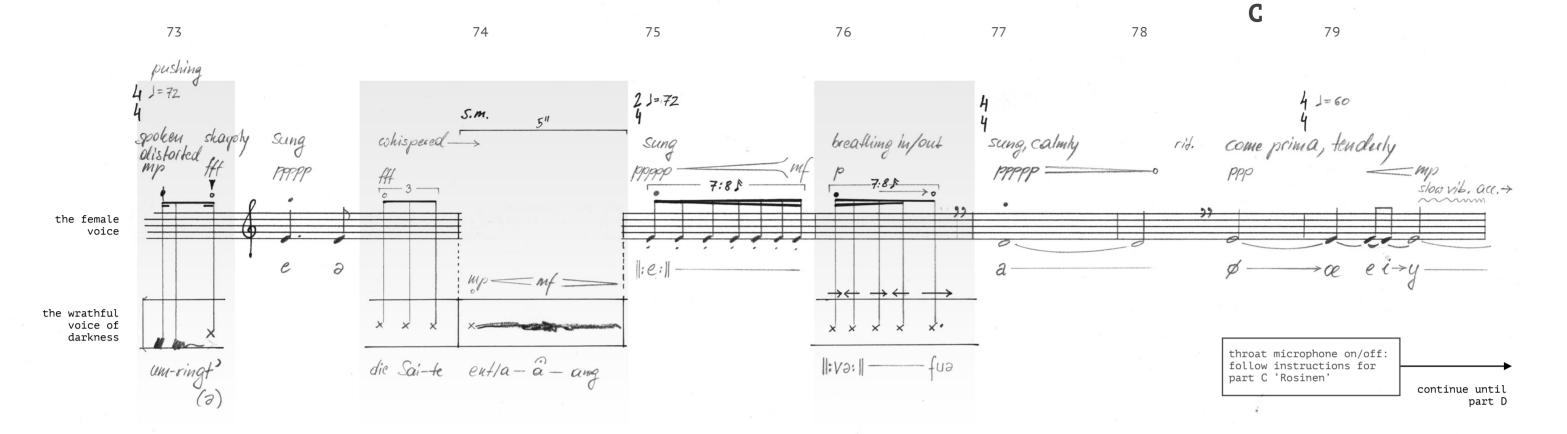


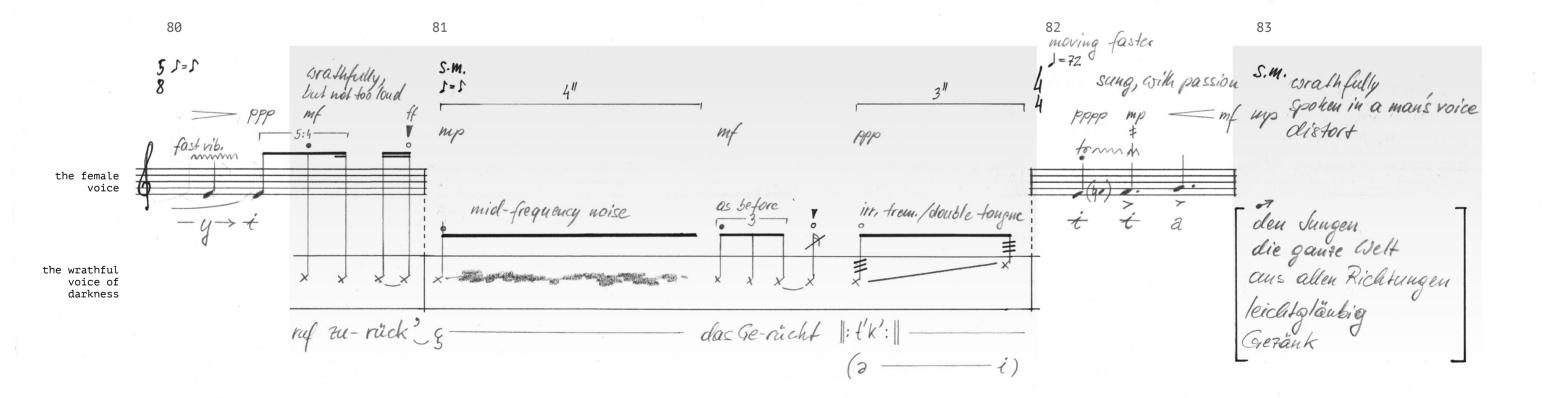


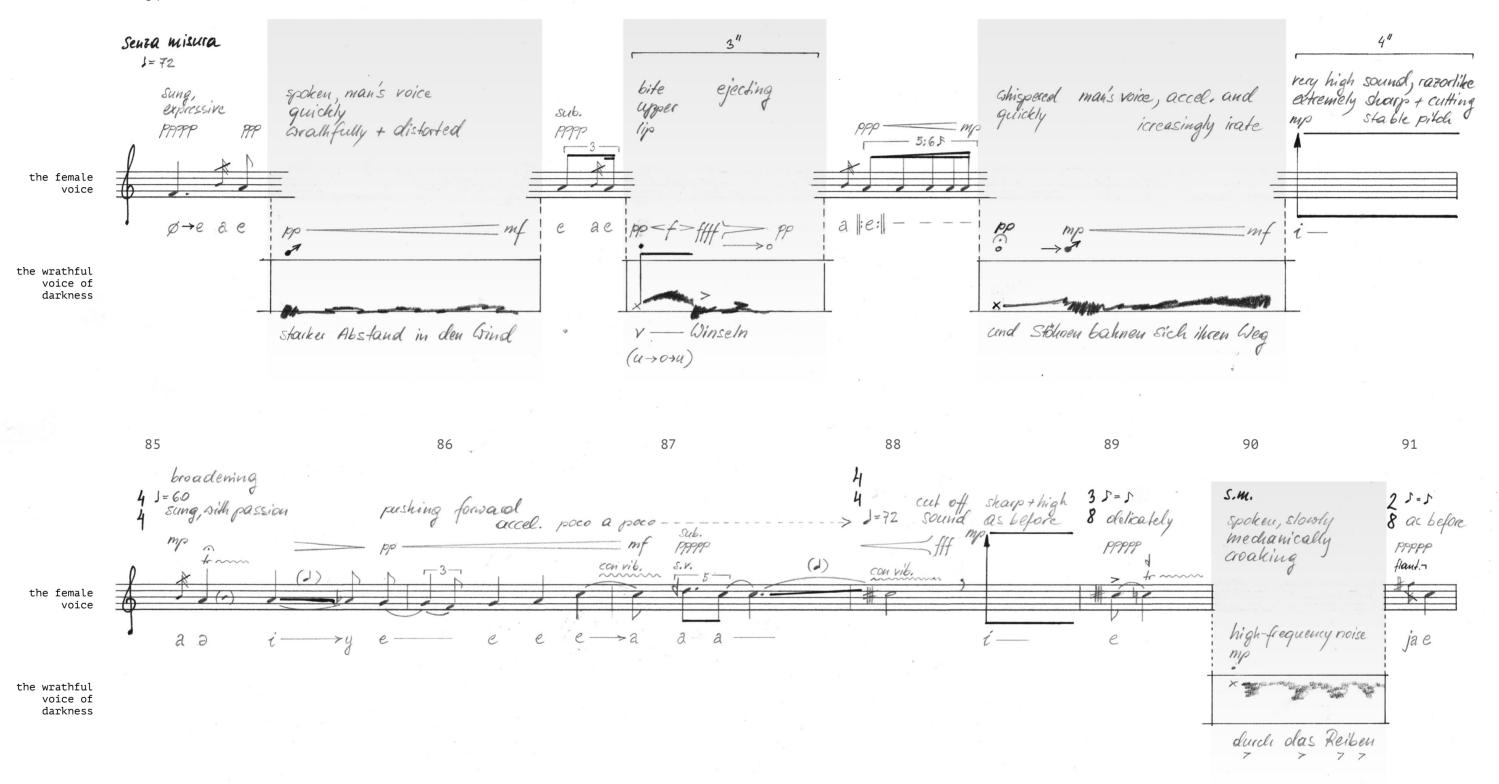


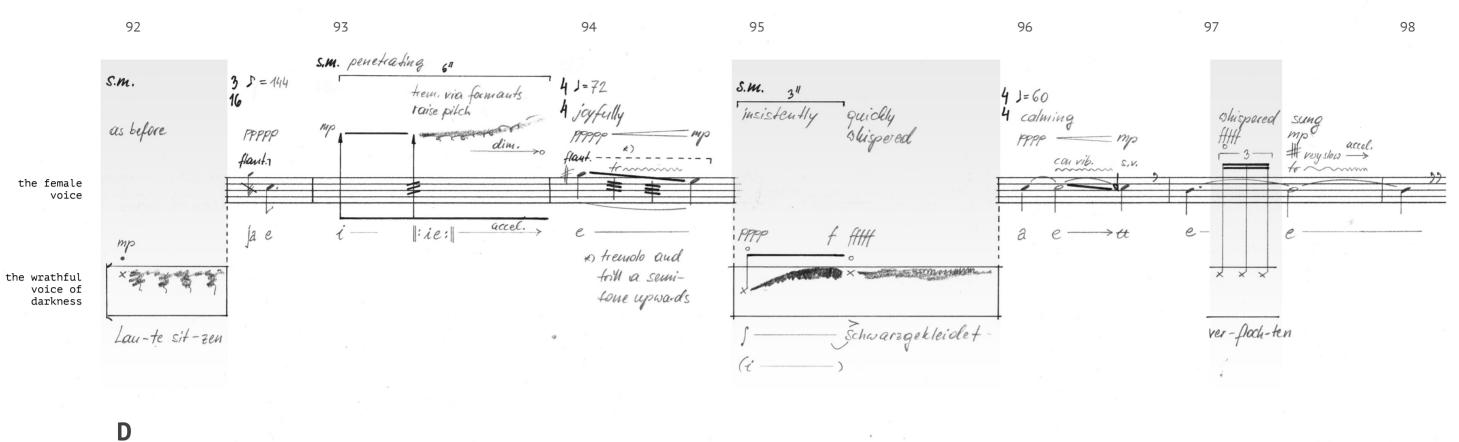


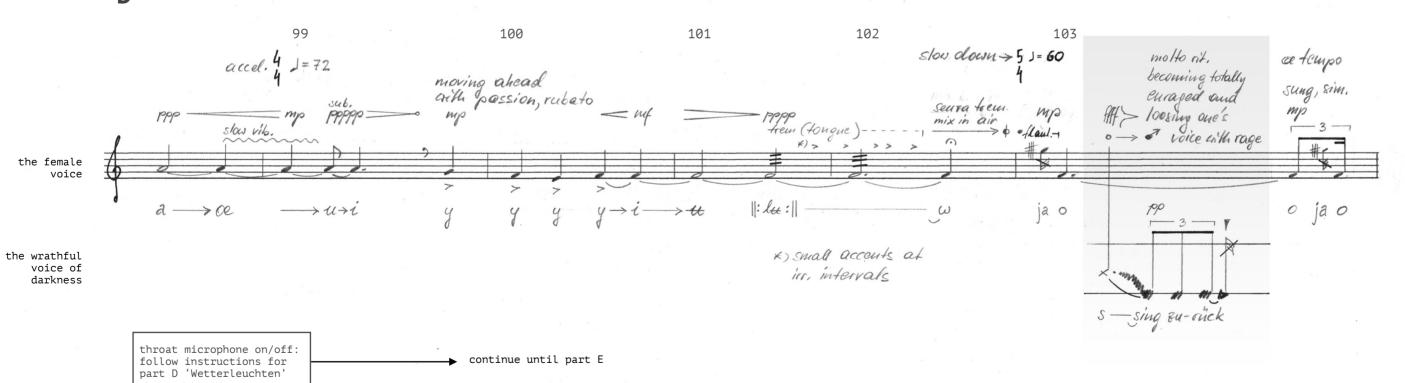


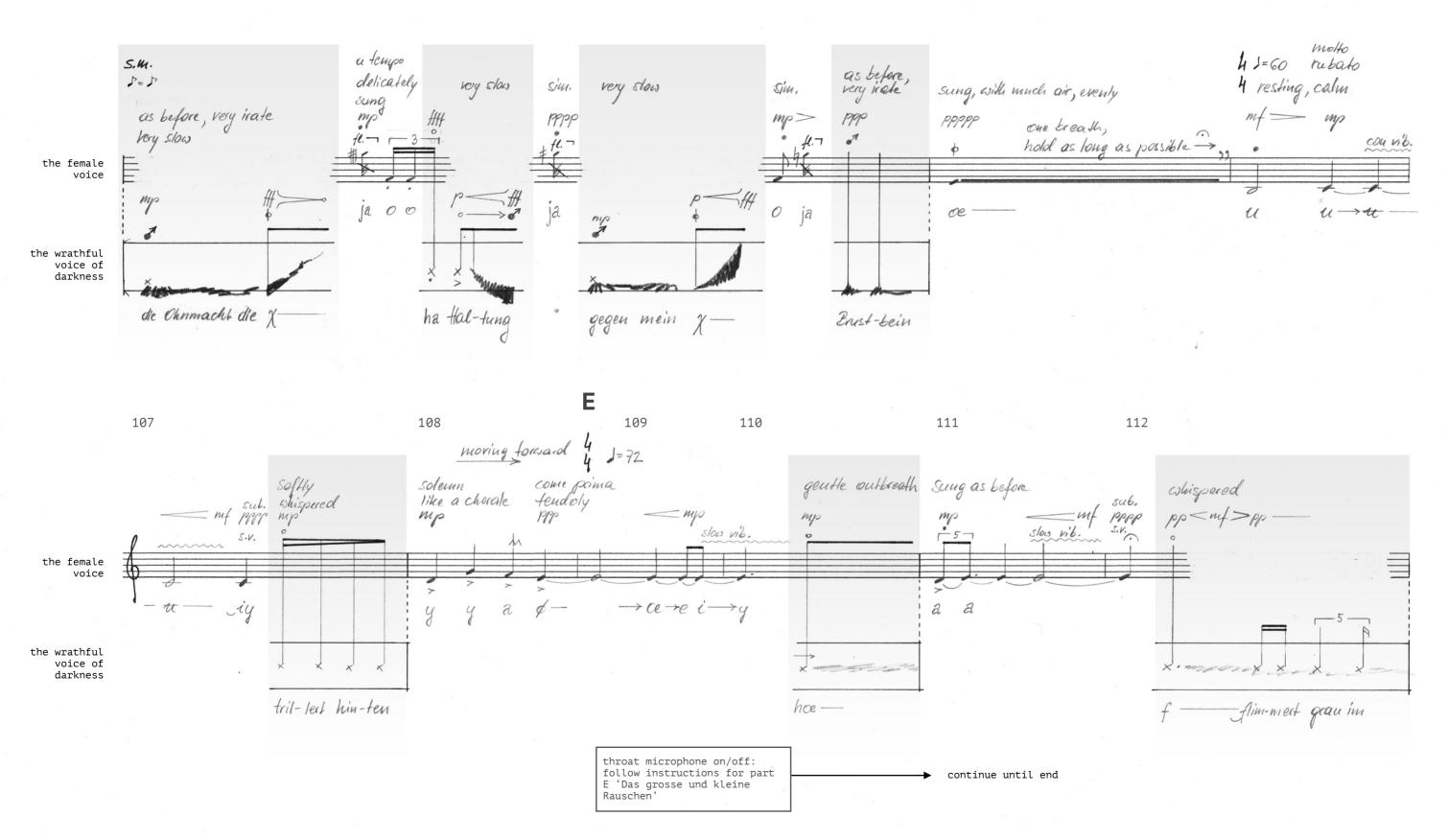


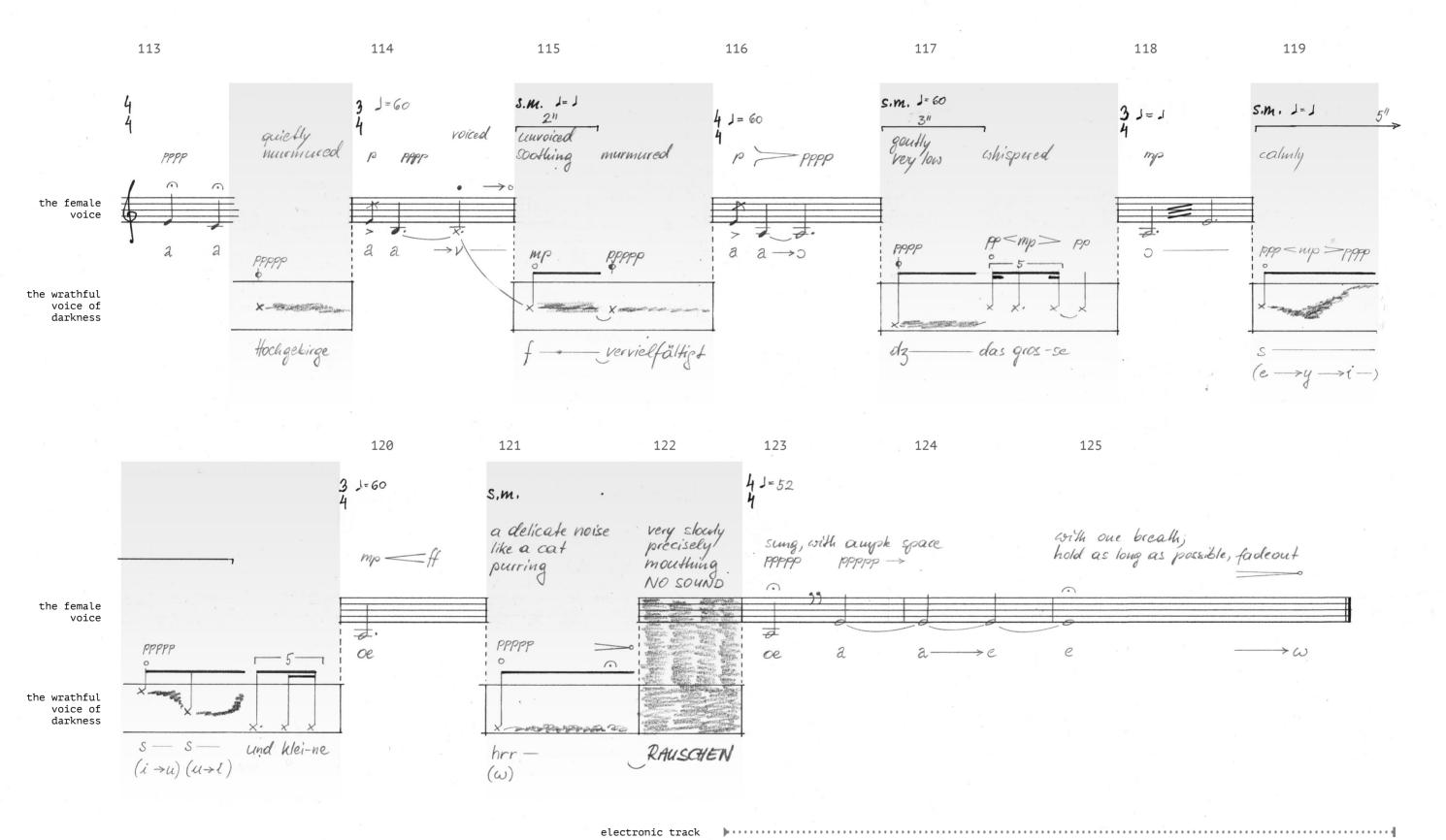












Turn down the volume manually for a gradual diminuendo from bar 120. The track should continue after the voice has completely stopped, and end with a quick final fadeout.